Task Book Report Generated on: 04/24/2024

Fiscal Year:	FY 2014 Task Last U	pdated:	FY 10/16/2013
PI Name:	Levine, Benjamin D M.D.		
Project Title:	Effects of Microgravity on Intracranial Pressure		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:	NSBRI		
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	NSBRICardiovascular Alterations Team		
Joint Agency Name:	TechPort:		No
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) HHC :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) SANS:Risk of Spaceflight Associated Neuro-ocular Syndrome (SANS)		
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
PI Email:	benjaminlevine@texashealth.org	Fax:	FY 214 345-4618
PI Organization Type:	UNIVERSITY	Phone:	214-345-4619
Organization Name:	The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas		
PI Address 1:	Institute for Exercise and Environmental Medicine (IEEM)		
PI Address 2:	7232 Greenville Ave, Suite 435		
PI Web Page:			
City:	Dallas	State:	TX
Zip Code:	75231-5129 Congressional I	District:	5
Comments:			
Project Type:			2011 Crew Health NNJ11ZSA002NA
Start Date:	10/01/2012 En	d Date:	09/30/2015
No. of Post Docs:	5 No. of PhD D	egrees:	0
No. of PhD Candidates:	0 No. of Master' D	egrees:	0
No. of Master's Candidates:	No. of Bac	chelor's Degrees:	0
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:	0 Monitoring	Center:	NSBRI
Contact Monitor:	Contact	Phone:	
Contact Email:			
Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Hastings, Jeffrey (The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Whitworth, Louis (The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center a Williams, Michael (Sinai Hospital of Baltimore, Inc.) Zhang, Rong (The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dal	t Dallas)	
Grant/Contract No.:	NCC 9-58-CA02801		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Book Report Generated on: 04/24/2024

Task Description:	Humans have been travelling in space for more than 40 years without clear evidence of visual impairment in astronauts. However, very recently, it has been identified that some astronauts on the International Space Station seem to be at risk for visual changes that may be due to elevated pressure inside the head (intracranial pressure). It is well known that there is a relative shift in fluid towards the head in humans during space flight (microgravity) and therefore these changes may increase intracranial pressure to a greater degree than previously appreciated. Intracranial pressure may also be exacerbated or transiently elevated by small increases in the partial pressure of carbon dioxide in the International Space Station atmosphere and during strength training exercise that is employed to try and maintain astronaut's muscle mass. Therefore, the primary aim of this project will be to provide novel data about the impact of microgravity induced central fluid shifts on directly measured intracranial pressure, and the associated inflow and outflow of blood to the brain, accompanied by simultaneous assessment of structural changes in the eye. Furthermore, we will examine the above factors during small changes in atmospheric carbon dioxide and during strength training exercise in simulated microgravity. This information is entirely unknown and absolutely essential to establishing the pathophysiology of the recently identified visual impairments in some long duration astronauts, so as to develop appropriate countermeasures.
Rationale for HRP Directed Research	h:
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	The project will have implications for public health and will provide a better understanding of the regulation of intracranial pressure in normal healthy individuals and thus will offer an improved knowledge base to provide effective treatments for a wide range of intracranial disorders.
Task Progress:	Institutional Review Board approval for this investigation has been obtained. We have completed extensive pilot testing and began the enrollment of three subjects. Other recruitment efforts are underway.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 12/13/2023)