Task Book Report Generated on: 04/26/2024

Fiscal Year:	FY 2014 Task Last Updated: FY 08/12/2013
PI Name:	Roma, Peter Ph.D.
Project Title:	Development of an Objective Behavioral Assay of Cohesion to Enhance Composition, Task Performance, and Psychosocial Adaptation in Long-Term Work Groups
Division Name:	Human Research
Program/Discipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHBehavior and performance
Joint Agency Name:	TechPort: Yes
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) BHP:Behavioral Health & Performance (archival in 2017)
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) Team:Risk of Performance and Behavioral Health Decrements Due to Inadequate Cooperation, Coordination, Communication, and Psychosocial Adaptation within a Team
Space Biology Element:	None
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None
Space Biology Special Category:	None
PI Email:	nete roma@nasa_gov Fax: FY
PI Organization Type:	NASA CENTER Phone:
Organization Name:	KBR/NASA Johnson Space Center
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City:	Houston State: TX
Zip Code:	77058 Congressional District: 36
Comments:	
Project Type:	GROUND Solicitation / Funding Source: 2011 Crew Health NNJ11ZSA002NA
Start Date:	10/10/2012 End Date: 10/09/2015
No. of Post Docs:	No. of PhD Degrees:
No. of PhD Candidates:	No. of Master' Degrees:
No. of Master's Candidates:	No. of Bachelor's Degrees: 3
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:	1 Monitoring Center: NASA JSC
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Flight Program: Flight Assignment:	
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:	
COI Name (Institution):	Hursh, Steven (Institute for Behavior Resources, Inc.)
Grant/Contract No.:	NNX13AB39G
Performance Goal No.:	
Performance Goal Text:	
Task Description:	The long-term goal of the proposed research is to deliver a software tool (currently referred to by its working title of "Team Performance Task" or "Price of Cooperation." TPT/PoC) that will allow long-duration exploration crews to autonomously derive objective, standardized, and quantifiable measures on social dynamics while serving as a decision-aid tool in astronaut selection and multinational crew composition. The TPT/PoC is a unique tool because it is simple, rapid, and operationally feasible like a questionnaire, but is entirely objective, is innovative in that it requires a group-level demonstration of social dynamics rather than relying on individual opinions, and is language-independent, thus making it suitable for cross-cultural applications. Such an empirically validated and operationally feasible software deliverable will contribute to an overall risk mitigation strategy comprised of quantitative, objective, and subjective assessment technologies. To accomplish this, we have been conducting ground-based experiments to systematically investigate the effects of group composition on performance, task cohesion, social cohesion, and biopsychosocial adaptation in mixed-gender "crews" participating in a long-term simulated space exploration task. We are also developing next-generation TPT/PoC software to advance the technology beyond our current prototype used for proof-of-concept/validation research into a broadly applicable tool with cross-platform networking and connectivity, enhanced usability/human factors features, extensive parameter manipulation/flexibility to maximize sensitivity, and integrated data collection, archiving, and visualization capabilities. The proposed project will elucidate the influences of personality, gender, behavior, and neurobiology at the individual and group levels while yielding powerful experimental insights on the relationships between group composition, mission performance, task cohesion, social cohesion, and hysychosocial adaptation in long-term work groups. The work
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	The project will elucidate the interacting influences of personality, gender, behavior, and neurobiology at the individual and group levels while yielding powerful experimental insights on the relationships between group composition, task cohesion, social cohesion, and biopsychosocial adaptation in long-term work groups. The broad knowledge-base and software tools derived from this work are relevant to social relationships, business, and education, as well as military, healthcare, commercial transportation, and other settings involving high-risk/high-performance teamwork.
	Along with hardware, software, and equipment upgrades and completion of various administrative procedures (e.g., IRB and CITI approvals), the first quarter of the project was largely devoted to implementing a formal reorganization of the PI's research Unit. This was marked primarily by the careful selection and intense training of a full-time Master's-level Research Coordinator and a part-time Bachelor's-level Research Assistant team. With updated infrastructure, refined procedures, and high-quality personnel stabilized, data collection began in earnest in the second quarter. As described above, the scientific core of the project is ground-based research comprised of a "Short-Term" (ST) study involving a single laboratory session measuring implicit cooperation, productivity, and fairness behaviors via the TPT/PoC assay in 3-person teams. More important is the complementary "Long-Term" (LT) study investigating the development and maintenance of task cohesion, social cohesion, and biopsychosocial adaptation over time in similarly composed 3-person teams across 12 separate "missions" gour laboratory's Planetary Exploration Simulation (PES), an interdependent computer-based geological survey, Interested participants are eligible for the LT study following completion of the ST study, with the ST effectively serving as a "feeder" study for the much more demanding and comprehensive LT experiment. The LT study includes Training, Development, and Challenge/Recovery phases. Recruitment per se has been robust, with over 1200 individuals volunteering to participate since the project launch. However, selection and group assignment have been challenging given the variety of inclusion and exclusion criteria we employ, as well as the generally lower probability of volunteering among individuals below the 50th percentile in Agreeableness. That said, the primary challenge has been participant reliability
Task Progress:	once selected, assigned, and scheduled for a session. Specifically, nearly 50% of all scheduled ST study sessions must be cancelled or rescheduled due to at least one participant failing to arrive as scheduled. Fortunately, the LT Crews are generally more reliable, and with their regularly scheduled mission times, data collection is much more consistent.

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	Despite these challenges, overall data collection has been progressing remarkably well. As of August 12, 2012, the Short-Term study is 46% complete (37 of the minimum 80 planned sessions) and the Long-Term study is 17% complete (67 of 384 planned sessions). However, since considerable effort is required for recruitment, selection, assignment, and scheduling, once a team of 3 is formed into a Crew for the LT study, it is literally just a matter of time before they complete all 12 sessions. Considering all Crews that have either completed or are currently in progress, then the LT study stands at 22% complete (7 of 32 planned Crews). Total data collection complete or in progress stands at 39% (44 of 112 groups to run or launch). A final aim of the project is to develop next-generation TPT/PoC software. Our partners at Aptima recommend a continuous 1-year process in accordance with the budget allocated to the task. The PI is currently working with the software firm, institutional business development staff, and NASA Administrators to design, fund, and implement a formal subcontract, with the goal of beginning software development by January 2014.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 07/05/2023)
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