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	FY 2014 Task Last Updated:	FY 08/12/2013
	Roma, Peter Ph.D.	
	Development of an Objective Behavioral Assay of Cohesion to Enhance Composition, Task Performance, and Psychosocial Adaptation in Long-Term Work Groups	
	Human Research	
Program/Discipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH	
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH-Behavior and performance	
Joint Agency Name:	TechPort:	Yes
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) BHP:Behavioral Health & Performance (archival in 2017)	
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) Team: Risk of Performance and Behavioral Health Decrements Due to Inadequate Cooperation, Coordination, Communication, and Psychosocial Adaptation within a Team	
Space Biology Element:	None	
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None	
Space Biology Special Category:	None	
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PI Organization Type:	NASA CENTER Phone:	
Organization Name:	KBR/NASA Johnson Space Center	
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Zip Code:	77058 Congressional District:	36
Comments:		
Project Type:	Ground Solicitation / Funding Source:	2011 Crew Health NNJ11ZSA002NA
Start Date:	10/10/2012 End Date:	10/09/2015
No. of Post Docs:	No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:	No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:	1 No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	3
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:	1 Monitoring Center:	NASA JSC
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Flight Program:		
Flight Assignment:		
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:		
COI Name (Institution):	Hursh, Steven (Institute for Behavior Resources, Inc.)	
Grant/Contract No.:	NNX13AB39G	
Performance Goal No.:		
Performance Goal Text:		
Task Description:	The long-term goal of the proposed research is to deliver a software tool (currently referred to by its working title of "Team Performance Task" or "Price of Cooperation," TPT/PoC) that will allow long-duration exploration crews to autonomously derive objective, standardized, and quantifiable measures on social dynamics while serving as a decision-aid tool in astronaut selection and multinational crew composition. The TPT/PoC is a unique tool because it is simple, rapid, and operationally feasible like a questionnaire, but is entirely objective, is innovative in that it requires a group-level demonstration of social dynamics rather than relying on individual opinions, and is language-independent, thus making it similable for cross-cultural applications. Such an empirically validated and operationally feasible software deliverable will contribute to an overall risk mitigation strategy comprised of quantitative, qualitative, objective, and subjective assessment technologies. To accomplish this, we have been conducting ground-based experiments to systematically investigate the effects of group composition (gender and personality) on voluntary cooperative propensity in 3-person groups. We are also assessing the predictive validity of pre-mission TPT/PoC "social personality profiles" and the flexts of group composition on performance, task cohesion, social cohesion, and biopsychosocial adaptation in mixed-gender "crews" participating in a long-term simulated space exploration task. We are also developing next-generation TPT/PoC software to advance the technology beyond our current prototype used for proof-of-concept/validation research into a broady applicable tool with cross-platform networking and connectivity, enhanced usability/human factors features, extensive parameter manipulation/flexibility to maximize sensitivity, and integrated data collection, archiving, and neurobiology at the individual and group levels while yielding powerfil experimental insights on the relationships between group composition, missio	
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:		
Research Impact/Earth Benefits	The project will elucidate the interacting influences of personality, gender, behavior, and neurobiology at the individual and group levels while yielding powerful experimental insights on the relationships between group composition, task cohesion, social cohesion, and biopsychosocial adaptation in long-term work groups. The broad knowledge-base and software tools derived from this work are relevant to social relationships, business, and education, as well as military, healthcare, commercial transportation, and other settings involving high-risk/high-performance teamwork.	
	Along with hardware, software, and equipment upgrades and completion of various administrative procedures (e.g., IRB and CIT; formal reorganization of the PI's research Unit. This was marked primarily by the careful selection and intense training of a full-ti Assistant team. With updated infrastructure, refined procedures, and high-quality personnel stabilized, data collection began in ea As described above, the scientific core of the project is ground-based research comprised of a "Short-Term" (ST) study involving behaviors via the TPT/PoC assay in 3-person teams. More important is the complementary "Long-Term" (LT) study involving biopsychosocial adaptation over time in similardy composed 3-person teams across 12 separate "missions" using our laboratory's geological survey. Interested participants are eligible for the LT study following completion of the ST study, with the ST effective experiment. The LT study includes Training. Development, and Challenge/Recovery phases. Recruitment pres has been robust, with over [200 individuals volunteering among individuals below the 50th percent exclusion criteria we employ, as well as the generally lower probability of volunteering among individuals below the 50th percent	me Master's-level Research Coordinator and a part-time Bachelor's-level Research rmest in the second quarter. a single laboratory session measuring implicit cooperation, productivity, and fairness the development and maintenance of task cohesion, social cohesion, and Planetary Exploration Simulation (PES), an interdependent computer-based ely serving as a "feeder" study for the much more demanding and comprehensive LT tection and group assignment have been challenging given the variety of inclusion and tile in Agreeableness. That staid, the primary challenge has been participant reliability
	once selected, assigned, and scheduled for a session. Specifically, nearly 50% of all scheduled ST study sessions must be cancelle Fortunately, the LT Crews are generally more reliable, and with their regularly scheduled mission times, data collection is much n	

	Despite these challenges, overall data collection has been progressing remarkably well. As of August 12, 2012, the Short-Term study is 46% complete (37 of the minimum 80 planned sessions). However, since considerable effort is required for for recruitment, selection, assignment, and scheduling, once a team of 3 is formed into a Crew for the LT study, it is literally just a matter of time before they complete all L2 sessions. Considering all Crews that have either completed or are currently in progress, then the LT study stands at 22% complete (7 of 332 planned Crews). Total data collection complete or in progress stands at 39% (44 of 112 groups to run or launch). A final aim of the project is to develop next-generation TPT/PoC software. Our partners at Aptima recommend a continuous 1-year process in accordance with the budget allocated to the task. The PI is currently working with the software firm, institutional business development staff, and NASA Administrators to design, fund, and implement a formal subcontract, with the goal of beginning software development by January 2014.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 01/20/2025)
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