Fiscal Year:	FY 2013	Task Last Updated:	FY 07/11/2013
PI Name:	Dulchavsky, Scott A. M.D., Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Fluid Shifts		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH		
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHBiomedical count	ermeasures	
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) HHC :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	 (1) Cardiovascular:Risk of Cardiovascula Outcomes (2) SANS:Risk of Spaceflight Associated 1 		erse Mission Performance and Health
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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City:	Detroit	State:	MI
Zip Code:	48202-2608	Congressional District:	13
Comments:			
Project Type:	Flight	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2011 Crew Health NNJ11ZSA002NA
Start Date:	05/16/2013	End Date:	09/30/2018
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		Monitoring Center:	NASA JSC
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Flight Program:	ISS		
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Ebert, Douglas (Wyle Laboratories, Inc. Garcia, Kathleen (Wyle Laboratories, In Hamilton, Douglas (Wyle Laboratories, Killu, Keith (Henry Ford Health System Sargsyan, Ashot (Wyle Laboratories, Inc	c.) Inc.))	
Grant/Contract No.:	NNX13AK30G		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Description:	 Editor's Note (7/11/2013): NOTE THIS IS A CONTINUATION OF FUNDING FOR NNX13AB42G (Microgravity Associated Compartmental Equilibration (MACE)) WITH THE SAME PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR. Recent evidence suggests that a preexisting subclinical pathology or risk factor may determine whether microgravity fluid shifts alone or in combination with other factors causes pathology. Furthermore, this malady may persist in some crewmembers beyond the rehabilitation phase after flight. Space medicine is therefore facing a an occupational medical hazard, with a number of contributing factors challenging to quantify and examine independently (ic., resistive exercise vs. microgravity fluid shifts). Over years, the U.S. and the Russian space programs have implemented extensive research to understand the alterations in neurological and cardiovascular physiology secondary to fluid shifts that are induced by microgravity. The investigator team proposes to meet, through this study, the challenge of 'how do we understand the effect of fluid shift on crebrospinal fluid (CSF) dynamics when gold-standard terrestrial technologies are invasive and the true magnitude of microgravity fluid shifts and their pathophysiological effects are not well understoad?" Recent on-orbit long duration studies performed by this team have shown that cephalad venous fluid shifts are permanent in all crewmembers and that external jugular pressures anarcanial venous dimensions in all revemembers examined in space (m-6). Preliminary data from the Braslet Investigation Grant ground experiment (ongoing) find terrestrial supine position to be very different in this regard. In microgravity, cephalad fluid shifts seem to cause a relative extra-eranial (and therefore intracranial) venous insufficiency and subsequent lymphedoma (facial puffiness, loss of olfactory and gustatory sense); exerval a revemembers have anecdotally mentioned that Russian high venous soculosion cuffs (Braslet, Kentavr nauka, Russian Féderation) improve
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	
	New project for FY2013. Editor's Note (7/11/2013): NOTE THIS IS A CONTINUATION OF FUNDING FOR NNX13AB42G (Microgravity
Task Progress:	Associated Compartmental Equilibration (MACE)) WITH THE SAME PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR.