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Fiscal Year:	FY 2011	Task Last Updated:	FY 05/24/2012
PI Name:	Kassemi, Mohammad Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Integrated Medical Model		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH		
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHOperational and clinical resear	rch	
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	Yes
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) ExMC:Exploration Medical Capabilities		
Human Research Program Risks:	<ol> <li>Medical Conditions: Risk of Adverse Health Outco that occur in Mission, as well as Long Term Health Out (2) Renal Stone: Risk of Renal Stone Formation</li> </ol>		Due to Medical Conditions
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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PI Organization Type:	NASA CENTER	Phone:	216-433-5031
Organization Name:	NASA Glenn Research Center/Case Western Reserve U	University	
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City:	Cleveland	State:	ОН
Zip Code:	44135	<b>Congressional District:</b>	10
Comments:	NOTE (Dec 2019): former affiliation included National information from J. McQuillen/GRC	l Center for Space Exploration Resea	rch (NCSER), per
Project Type:	Ground	Solicitation / Funding Source:	Directed Research
Start Date:	01/01/2011	End Date:	08/08/2014
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		Monitoring Center:	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Watkins, Sharmila	<b>Contact Phone:</b>	281.483.0395
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Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:	NOTE: Title change to "Integrated Medical Model - Renal Stone Module" per M. Urbina/JSC (Previous title "Probabilistic Analysis of Renal Stones in US Astronauts")Ed., 10/8/15 NOTE: End date is 8/8/2014, per D. Griffin/GRC (Ed., 5/30/12)		
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:	NOTE: Previous PI was Jerry Myers until January 2011 US Astronauts" and PI=Myers for previous information		Analysis of Renal Stones in
COI Name (Institution):	Myers, Jerry (NASA Glenn Research Center)		
Grant/Contract No.:	Directed Research		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Description:	<ul> <li>The Exploration Medical Capability Element of the Human Research Program carries the risk of not being able to treat ill or injured crewmembers. Gap 4.13 in the Exploration Medical Capability Research Plan is the "Lack of lithotripsy or other capability to treat a renal stone." The description of this gap states that, "Given the high probability of kidney desirable."</li> <li>During all spaceflight missions to date, renal stone incidence is actually lower than what would be expected in the general population or in the analog population utilized by the Longitudinal Study of Astronaut Health. (LSAH). After astronauts return to Earth, however, the incidence rate increases and surpasses both the rate of the general population and the LSAH analog population. If these trends persist with the reintroduction of even fractional gravity, renal stones during a Mars mission could become a serious problem, not only in terms of astronaut health, but also in terms of the resources required to adequately treat the condition. A Bayesian update analysis of the data above suggested an approximately doubling that of the general US population, motificate and eveloped a proof of concept probabilistic simulation of renal stone formation during a long duration exploration mission. While somewhat limited in scope, this simulation included both probabilistic and deterministic components. The deterministic components were developed to support the probabilistic analysis. Key findings from this work included:</li> <li>1) As the stone grows larger, the governing equation says the rate of growth will increase, which is why the probabilistic analysis in the satisficity for Calcium and Oxalate, suggesting that a more detailed surface chemistry simulation needs to be conducted.</li> <li>2) The probabilistic model demonstrates identical sensitivity for Calcium and Oxalate, suggesting that a more detailed surface chemistry simulation necess to be conducted.</li> <li>3) The sensitivities for the dwell time of a stone show pronounced diffe</li></ul>		
Rationale for HRP Directed Research	This research is directed because it contains highly constrained research, which requires focused and constrained data : gathering and analysis that is more appropriately obtained through a non-competitive proposal.		
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:			
Task Progress:	New project for FY2011. Previous PI was Jerry Myers until January 2011. See project with title "Probabilistic Analysis of Renal Stones in US Astronauts" and PI=Myers for previous information		
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 03/08/2022)		