Fiscal Year:	FY 2011	Task Last Updated:	FY 03/14/2011
PI Name:	Moore, Steven T. Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Assessment of Operator Proficiency Fo	llowing Long-Duration Spaceflight	
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH		
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHBiomedical co	untermeasures	
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) HHC :Human Health Countermeasu	res	
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) Sensorimotor: Risk of Altered Sens	orimotor/Vestibular Function Impacting C	ritical Mission Tasks
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
PI Email:	s.moore@cqu.edu.au	Fax:	FY
PI Organization Type:	UNIVERSITY	Phone:	212-241-1943
Organization Name:	Mount Sinai School of Medicine		
PI Address 1:	Human Aerospace Laboratory		
PI Address 2:	Department of Neurology		
PI Web Page:			
City:	New York	State:	NY
Zip Code:	10029	Congressional District:	14
Comments:	NOTE: PI moved to Central Queenslan	d University, Australia, July 2016.	
Project Type:	FLIGHT,GROUND	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2008 Crew Health NNJ08ZSA002N
Start Date:	06/02/2009	End Date:	09/05/2012
No. of Post Docs:	2	No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:	1	No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		Monitoring Center:	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Baumann, David	Contact Phone:	
Contact Email:	david.k.baumann@nasa.gov		
Flight Program:	Pre/Post Flight		
Flight Assignment:	NOTE: End date is now 9/5/2012 per PI, D. Stillwell/JSC, and NSSC (Ed., 2/28/2013) NOTE: End date is now 6/1/2013 per NSSC (Ed., 5/8/2012)		
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:	Co-Principal Investigator is Hamish Ma	acDougall/University of Sydney (Australia).
COI Name (Institution):	MacDougall, Hamish (University of Sydney (Australia))		
Grant/Contract No.:	NNX09AL14G		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Description: Rationale for HRP Directed Research	Long-term exposure to microgravity has the potential to negatively impact the ability of crewmembers to navigate and land the crew exploration vehicle and perform post-landing surface operations on Mars. Based on our NASA-funded research on head-eye coordination during simulated shuttle landings and automobile control, we will implement a battery of tests, to be performed seated pre- and post-flight on ISS crewmembers, that target physiological mechanisms potentially underlying post-flight deficiencies in manual control. We will develop a portable testing device utilizing a chair mounted on a 6 degree-of-freedom motion base, suitable for implementation at Russian or US post-landing data collection sites. Sensorimotor tests target the vestibulo-ocular reflex, vestibulo-collic reflex, pursuit, dynamic visual acuity, motion perception and manual dexterity. In addition, we will adapt a subset of the computer-based cognitive Test of Basic Aviation Skills, used in pilot selection by the US Air Force, that have demonstrated a significant correlation with subject performance during actual flight training. The results from these test batteries will be correlated with astronaut performance on three operationally-relevant simulator tasks: control of an automobile, landing a T-38, and operating a Mars rover. Our primary aim is to define the effects of long-duration spaceflight on operator proficiency, and identify microgravity-related sensorimotor or cognitive deficits (or combinations thereof) associated with degradation of operator effectiveness. Successful completion of this study will not only fill the IRP gap SM6, but provide a basis for countermeasure development that could be incorporated into pre- and in-flight training.
Rationale for filler Directed Research	The techniques developed as part of this grant have potential application to assessment and rehabilitation of patients
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	with a variety of neurological conditions, such as stroke.
Task Progress:	In the past year we have built and installed three fully operational flight simulators; at Johnson Space Center in Houston (for pre- and post-flight testing); Mt Sinai School of Medicine in New York (used for development and validation of the test and simulation software); and the University of Sydney (for hardware development/testing under the supervision of Dr. MacDougall). In January 2011 we passed a User Readiness Review (URR) and Test Readiness Reveiw (TRR) of the experiment hardware (simulator) which is now approved for use with human subjects. In April 2011 we will finalize the instrument pod inside the simulators with the addition of a removable steering wheel and a set of 3 pedals (the center/right pedals used for brake/accelerator for driving simulations; the outside pedals used for rudder control during flight simulations), to complement the existing joystick (used for flight and rover control).
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 09/07/2020)