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Fiscal Year:	FY 2009	Task Last Updated:	FY 08/14/2009
PI Name:	Moore, Steven T. Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Assessment of Operator Proficiency Following	g Long-Duration Spaceflight	
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:	HUMAN RESEARCH		
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHBiomedical counterm	easures	
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HHC</b> :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) Sensorimotor:Risk of Altered Sensorimot	or/Vestibular Function Impacting C	ritical Mission Tasks
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
PI Email:	s.moore@cqu.edu.au	Fax:	FY
PI Organization Type:	UNIVERSITY	Phone:	212-241-1943
Organization Name:	Mount Sinai School of Medicine		
PI Address 1:	Human Aerospace Laboratory		
PI Address 2:	Department of Neurology		
PI Web Page:			
City:	New York	State:	NY
Zip Code:	10029	<b>Congressional District:</b>	14
Comments:	NOTE: PI moved to Central Queensland Univ	ersity, Australia, July 2016.	
Project Type:	FLIGHT,GROUND	<b>Solicitation / Funding Source:</b>	2008 Crew Health NNJ08ZSA002N
Start Date:	06/02/2009	End Date:	06/01/2012
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		<b>Monitoring Center:</b>	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Meck, J@n	Contact Phone:	281-244-5405
Contact Email:	janice.v.meck@nasa.gov		
Flight Program:	Pre/Post Flight		
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:	Co-Principal Investigator is Hamish MacDoug	all/University of Sydney (Australia	).
COI Name (Institution):	MacDougall, Hamish (University of Sydney	(Australia))	
Grant/Contract No.:	NNX09AL14G		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			
Task Description:	Long-term exposure to microgravity has the potential to negatively impact the ability of crewmembers to navigate and land the crew exploration vehicle and perform post-landing surface operations on Mars. Based on our NASA-funded research on head-eye coordination during simulated shuttle landings and automobile control, we will implement a battery of tests, to be performed seated pre- and post-flight on ISS crewmembers, that target physiological mechanisms potentially underlying post-flight deficiencies in manual control. We will develop a portable testing device utilizing a chair mounted on a 6 degree-of-freedom motion base, suitable for implementation at Russian or US post-landing data collection sites. Sensorimotor tests target the vestibulo-ocular reflex, vestibulo-collic reflex, pursuit, dynamic visual acuity, motion perception and manual dexterity. In addition, we will adapt a subset of the computer-based cognitive Test of Basic Aviation Skills, used in pilot selection by the US Air Force, that have demonstrated a significant correlation with subject performance during actual flight training. The results from these test batteries will be correlated with		
	astronaut performance on two operationally-re	elevant simulator tasks: control of ai	automobile and teleoperation of a

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	robotic arm. Our primary aim is to define the effects of long-duration spaceflight on operator proficiency, and identify microgravity-related sensorimotor or cognitive deficits (or combinations thereof) associated with degradation of operator effectiveness. Successful completion of this study will not only fill the IRP gap SM6, but provide a basis for countermeasure development that could be incorporated into pre- and in-flight training.
Rationale for HRP Directed Research	:
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	
Task Progress:	New project for FY2009.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 09/07/2020)