Fiscal Year:	FY 2023	Task Last Updated:	FY 12/20/2022
PI Name:	Basner, Mathias M.D., Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Long-Term Brain Structural and Functional Consequences of Spaceflight		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:			
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	 (1) HFBP:Human Factors & Behavioral Performant (2) HHC:Human Health Countermeasures 	nce (IRP Rev H)	
Human Research Program Risks:	 (1) BMed:Risk of Adverse Cognitive or Behavioral Conditions and Psychiatric Disorders (2) SANS:Risk of Spaceflight Associated Neuro-ocular Syndrome (SANS) (3) Sensorimotor:Risk of Altered Sensorimotor/Vestibular Function Impacting Critical Mission Tasks 		
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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Organization Name:	University of Pennsylvania		
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PI Web Page:			
City:	Philadelphia	State:	PA
Zip Code:	19104-4209	Congressional District:	2
Comments:			
Project Type:	GROUND		2019-2020 HERO 80JSC019N0001-HHCBPSR, OMNIBUS2: Human Health Countermeasures, Behavioral Performance, and Space Radiation-Appendix C; Omnibus2-Appendix D
Start Date:	03/15/2021	End Date:	09/30/2033
No. of Post Docs:	0	No. of PhD Degrees:	0
No. of PhD Candidates:	0	No. of Master' Degrees:	0
No. of Master's Candidates:	0	No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	0
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:	0	Monitoring Center:	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Whitmire, Alexandra	Contact Phone:	
Contact Email:	alexandra.m.whitmire@nasa.gov		
Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:	NOTE: End date changed to 09/30/2033 per NSSC documentation (Ed., 6/6/23). NOTE: End date changed to 03/31/2029 per L. Juliette/JSC (Ed., 5/3/22).		
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:	Per the Principal Investigator (PI) Sarah Whiting is no longer with the project (Ed., 2/23/23).		

COI Name (Institution):	 Dinges, David Ph.D. (University of Pennsylvania) Gunga, Hanns-Christian M.D. (Charite - Universitatsmedizin Berlin, Germany) Gur, Ruben Ph.D. (The Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania) Hartley, Tom Ph.D. (University of York, United Kingdom) Kuehn, Simone Ph.D. (Max Planck Institute for Human Development, Berlin, Germany) Riecke, Bernhard Ph.D. (Simon Fraser University, Canada) Roalf, David Ph.D. (University of Pennsylvania) Bell, Suzanne Ph.D. (NASA Johnson Space Center) Stangl, Matthias Ph.D. (University of California, Los Angeles) Wolbers, Thomas Ph.D. (Charite - Universitatsmedizin Berlin, Germany) 	
Grant/Contract No.:	80NSSC21K1698	
Performance Goal No.:		
Performance Goal Text:		
Task Description:	Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) of the brain before and immediately following long-duration International Space Station (ISS) flights as well as Antarctic winter-over missions have revealed structural changes, but the time course of recovery and clinical significance remain unclear. This international proposal will "determine if exposure to long-duration spaceflight leads to neural structural alterations and if this remodeling impacts cognitive and functional performance" (HRP Gap BMcd-107). To accomplish this, we propose to leverage data from our already funded integrated 1-Year Mission Project (i1YMP) and extend the follow-up period for N=20 astronauts on 6- and 12-month ISS missions to 3-years post-flight (this follow-up period can be extended should structural and functional brain changes not be fully reversible within 3 years after return from the ISS). Measures of cognitive function include the Cognition test battery (developed by NASA Principal Investigator Dr. Basner and his team), a Spatial Cognition test battery (developed by German Aerospace Center (DLR)/European Space Agency (ESA) Principal Investigator Dr. Stahn and his team), and NASA's standard WinSCAT test battery (which currently is last performed 30 days post-flight). These tests will be performed up to 7 times post-flight, which will provide an exceptional resolution in mapping the recovery time course of any observed decrements in cognitive performance across a wide range of cognitive domains and constructs. The cognitive data will also be used to either extend existing or start building normative databases. In our i1YMP, we perform structural and functional MRI scans in astronauts before and immediately after the mission. These scans include, but go beyond, protocols that were the basis for several recent publications that observed structural brain changes in astronauts immediately post-flight and can thus augment these data sets. In our i1YMP, astronauts performance with the Cognition (Project A) as well as a complex Mars navigation task	
Rationale for HRP Directed Research	ch:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	Detailed astronaut follow-up after return from spaceflight has historically been limited to a few weeks, which prevents conclusions about long-term health consequences of astronauts, especially after longer stays in space. This study will follow astronauts for up to 5 years after >=6 months missions. The research partially translates to similar stressful long-term exposure situations on Earth.	
Task Progress:	This project is being combined with the work of three other PIs who responded to the same solicitation with independent proposals. During this reporting period, the protocols and aims from all four PIs are being integrated into a revised integrated proposal that was delivered to NASA Human Health Countermeasures (HHC) and NASA Human Factors and Behavioral Performance (HFBP) Element scientists in January 2022. Based on feedback from the elements, the protocol was further revised and submitted for review and delivered to HHC and HFBP Element scientists in December 2022. During this process, the research team determined how to combine magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) sessions from multiple PIs, identified and removed overlapping procedures, and made substantial progress toward having a single, integrated budget.	
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 04/05/2024)	
Articles in Peer-reviewed Journals	Seidler RD, Stern C, Basner M, Stahn AC, Wuyts FL, zu Eulenburg P. "Future research directions to identify risks and mitigation strategies for neurostructural, ocular, and behavioral changes induced by human spaceflight: A NASA-ESA expert group consensus report." Front Neural Circuits. 2022 Aug 4;16:876789. <u>https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35991346</u> ; PubMed <u>PMID: 35991346</u> ; PubMed Central <u>PMCID: PMC9387435</u> , Aug-2022	