Fiscal Year:	FY 2022	Task Last Updated:	FY 02/10/2022
PI Name:	Christov, Ivan Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Validation of a CFD Model for Gas-Liquid I Microgravity	Flows in Packed Bed Reactors to E	nable Thermo-Fluid Analysis in
Division Name:	Physical Sciences		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	FLUID PHYSICSFluid physics		
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	None		
Human Research Program Risks:	None		
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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Zip Code:	47907-2088	<b>Congressional District:</b>	4
Comments:			
Project Type:	Physical Sciences Informatics (PSI)	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2020 Physical Sciences NNH20ZDA014N: Use of the NASA Physical Sciences Informatics System Appendix G
Start Date:	11/19/2021	End Date:	11/18/2023
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		Monitoring Center:	NASA GRC
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Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Marconnet, Amy Ph.D. ( Purdue University	·)	
Grant/Contract No.:	80NSSC22K0290		
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Task Description:	The proposed use of NASA's Physical Sciences Informatics (PSI), specifically the packed bed reactor experiment (PBRE) data, will enable new research on fluid physics in microgravity conditions. Two-phase gas-liquid flows are ubiquitous in life support and thermal control systems for spacecraft, space stations, and proposed habitats on the moon and Mars. Two-phase flows are impacted by microgravity conditions because while on Earth capillary forces are easily overcome by gravitational forces, the opposite is true in low-gravity environments. Predictive models initis the ability to scale up systems to sizes required for NASA missions. In the first year of the project, we will develop a computational fluid dynamics (CFD) approach for predicting dispersed gas-liquid flows. The CFD approach will be validated against the PBRE data from the PSI, specifically visual images of gas-liquid flows from videos, as well corresponding pressure drop information across disparate flow regimes. First, a suitable 3D flow geometry will be constructed from the specifications of the PBRE. The interFOAM solver in OpenFOAM will be adapted for interface-resolved simulation of gas-liquid flows across regimes (bubbly, sug, core-annular, stratified, etc.) at full and reduced gravity conditions. The flow-weign pressure gradient will be computed for different Reynolds numbers and gas volume fractions and compared to the PBRE datasets in the PSI. How-wer, tracking the complex growing, merging, and rupturing gas-liquid interfaces in simulations is challenging. To address scale-up, two-fluid models, in which the gas and liquid phases are considered to be interphase drag force must be developed. Using both fully resolved simulations and PBRE datasets, we will employ the physics-informed neural network (PINN) deep learning approach pioneered in 2019 to infer the parameters in the steady two-fluid model equations. The advantage of PINNs over other inverse methods is that PINNs work with limited measurements and noisy data. PINNs are no a "black box
Rationale for HRP Directed Research	:
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	
Task Progress:	New project for FY2022.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 04/28/2025)