

Fiscal Year:	FY 2022	Task Last Updated:	FY 03/01/2022
PI Name:	Zea, Luis Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Multi-Generational Genome-Wide Yeast Fitness Profiling Beyond and Below Earth's van Allen Belts		
Division Name:	Space Biology		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline--Element/Subdiscipline:			
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	None		
Human Research Program Risks:	None		
Space Biology Element:	(1) Cell & Molecular Biology		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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Zip Code:	80309-0429	Congressional District:	2
Comments:			
Project Type:	FLIGHT	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2018 Space Biology (ROSBio) NNH18ZTT001N-Artemis1 (EM1). App A: Orion (Artemis-1) (formerly Exploration Mission-1)
Start Date:	05/01/2019	End Date:	04/30/2022
No. of Post Docs:	0	No. of PhD Degrees:	0
No. of PhD Candidates:	1	No. of Master' Degrees:	0
No. of Master's Candidates:	0	No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	0
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:	0	Monitoring Center:	NASA KSC
Contact Monitor:	Freeland, Denise	Contact Phone:	321-867-5878
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Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Stodieck, Louis Ph.D. (University of Colorado, Boulder) Nislow, Corey Ph.D. (University of British Columbia, Canada)		
Grant/Contract No.:	80NSSC19K0708		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Description:	<p>As human space exploration expands beyond lower Earth orbit, it is necessary to characterize the effects of space radiation, microgravity, and the combination thereof on cells. Because it is complicated to have large sample numbers when studying the effects of different factors on humans, scientists commonly use model organisms that share some of the key aspects being studied. In this case, we will use yeast, as around 70% of its essential genes have a significant human homolog. More specifically, this project will use a molecularly barcoded yeast genome-wide knockdown collection that will enable the systematic interrogation of the effect of microgravity, space radiation, and a combination thereof in each gene. Each strain in the collection has a single gene deleted and a representative molecular barcode that enables quantifying the fitness of each mutant under the test conditions, by measuring the relative abundance at different points in time. To differentiate the effects of microgravity and space radiation on each strain, an experimental set will be flown beyond the van Allen belts on Orion's Exploration Mission 1 (EM-1) (considered in microgravity and irradiated by space radiation) and equivalent sets will be cultured asynchronously on board the International Space Station (ISS) (considered in microgravity but mostly – although not completely – protected of space radiation by the van Allen belts) in our smart incubator (Space Automated Bioproduct Lab (SABL)) and on Earth (also in a ground SABL). Each of the ISS and Earth experiments will include two sets: one where the temperature profile experienced during the EM-1 flight is replicated, and a second cultured at a constant temperature to determine the potential role of temperature variation on the results from EM-1.</p> <p>The first aim of this project is to identify the metabolic and genomic pathways in yeast affected by microgravity, space radiation, and a combination of both. The second one is to differentiate between gravity and radiation exposure on single-gene deletion mutants' ability to thrive in the spaceflight environment. We hypothesize that mutants lacking genes associated with DNA repair, recombination, and replication will have lower survivability rates beyond the van Allen belts than their below van Allen belts- or Earth-controls</p> <p>The experiment is designed to have a controlled start after Orion is past the van Allen belts, grow ~21 generations of the deletion series, and fix or preserve samples for post-flight analyses. Should the automated controlled approach be considered inappropriate for implementation on EM-1, we have a passive approach that is based on dotting each mutant individually on agar. We have performed both approaches in space in the past.</p> <p>This project will address three Space Biology Program Science Elements, three Objectives, three Guiding Questions, and four Decadal Survey's highest priority Recommendations by preserving nucleic acids of different generations of the yeast deletion series cultures grown in space, beyond as well as below the van Allen belts (and uploading the genomic and transcriptomic data to GeneLab).</p>
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	<p>This project integrates data on the molecular and cellular mechanism of radiation damage, which can serve to improve prediction of risk of cancer as a function of radiation dosage and to evaluate the effectiveness of potential countermeasures.</p>
Task Progress:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Flight units of Peristaltic Laboratory for Automated Science with Multigenerations (PLASM) were developed and completed. 2. All PLASM units tested under Artemis I-like mission profile for further battery characterization. 3. The Deep Space Radiation Genomics (DSRG) Experiment Verification Test (EVT) results were presented in three conferences; our code to determine Orion's position with respect to Earth's magnetosphere was released in GitHub for open access; and a book was published, partly supported by this grant. 4. SRFR with NASA Headquarters (HQ) passed and team is ready for Space Launch System (SLS) launch.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 03/05/2024)
Abstracts for Journals and Proceedings	<p>Zea L, Piper S, Gaikani H, Khoshnoodi M, Niederwieser T, Hoehn A, Grusin M, Wright J, Flores P, Wilson K, Lutsic A, Stodieck L, Carr CE, Moeller R, Nislow C. "Experiment verification test of the Artemis I 'Deep Space Radiation Genomics' Experiment." 72nd International Astronautical Congress (IAC), Dubai, United Arab Emirates, October 25-29, 2021.</p> <p>Abstracts. 72nd International Astronautical Congress (IAC), Dubai, United Arab Emirates, October 25-29, 2021 (Abstract #IAC-21.A2.7.1 x65012). , Oct-2021</p>
Abstracts for Journals and Proceedings	<p>Zea L, Nislow C. "First controlled biological experiments beyond the van Allen belts." American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics (AIAA) Rocky Mountain Chapter Annual Technical Symposium, Boulder, Colorado, September 29, 2021.</p> <p>Abstracts. American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics (AIAA) Rocky Mountain Chapter Annual Technical Symposium, Boulder, Colorado, September 29, 2021. , Sep-2021</p>
Books/Book Chapters	<p>Pathak Y, Araújo dos Santos M, Zea L. (Eds.) "Handbook of Space Pharmaceuticals." Cham, Switzerland: Springer International Publishing, 2022. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-50909-9 , Jun-2022</p>
Papers from Meeting Proceedings	<p>Zea L, Niederwieser T, Hoehn A, Grusin M, Wright J, Stanish G, Piper S, Flores P, Griffith R, Gaikani H, Khoshnoodi M, Siems K, Cortesao M, Wahl K, Bernstein V, Knipp D, Wilson K, Scott K, Lutsic A, Soler M, Sato K, Viau A, Aragon R, Stodieck L, Countryman S, Carr CE, Moeller R, Nislow C. "From idea to lunar orbit flight readiness - implementation of the Artemis I 'Deep Space Radiation Genomics' (DSRG) Yeast Experiment." 37th Annual Meeting of the American Society for Gravitational and Space Research, Baltimore, MD, November 3-6, 2021.</p> <p>Abstracts. 37th Annual Meeting of the American Society for Gravitational and Space Research, Baltimore, MD, November 3-6, 2021. , Nov-2021</p>