

Fiscal Year:	FY 2022	Task Last Updated: FY 01/04/2022	
PI Name:	Ocorr, Karen Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Integrated Physiological Responses of CNS and Muscle in Drosophila and C. elegans Along a Gravity Continuum		
Division Name:	Space Biology		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline--Element/Subdiscipline:			
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	None		
Human Research Program Risks:	None		
Space Biology Element:	(1) Cell & Molecular Biology (2) Animal Biology: Invertebrate		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	(1) Musculoskeletal Biology (2) Neurobiology		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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Organization Name:	Sanford Burnham Prebys Medical Discovery Institute		
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City:	La Jolla	State:	CA
Zip Code:	92037-1005	Congressional District:	49
Comments:			
Project Type:	FLIGHT,GROUND	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2020 Space Biology NNH20ZDA001N-SB E.12. Flight/Ground Research
Start Date:	01/01/2022	End Date:	12/31/2024
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		Monitoring Center:	NASA ARC
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Flight Program:	ISS		
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Iyer, Janani Ph.D. (NASA Ames Research Center) Szewczyk, Nathaniel Ph.D. (Ohio University) Costes, Sylvain Ph.D. (NASA Ames Research Center) Mhatre, Siddhita Ph.D. (NASA Ames Research Center)		
Grant/Contract No.:	80NSSC22K0278		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Description:	Our studies will use the fruit fly <i>Drosophila</i> and the worm <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> (<i>C. elegans</i>) to identify conserved mechanisms underlying the oxidative stress response to altered gravity. Spaceflight induces alterations in somatic/cardiac muscle, as well as in the brain. Many of these changes mirror those induced by long-term bed-rest on Earth and with age. We will use functional, structural, and molecular biological techniques to identify common genetic and molecular components that mediate the effect of microgravity, lunar gravity, and Mars gravity on organ function. The use of two different genetic model organisms will allow us to identify common targets across species that can be exploited to mitigate negative health effects of long duration space habitation and perhaps provide therapies to combat muscle wasting and neurodegeneration on Earth. We will also compare the changes in these organisms with published changes in humans subjected to bed-rest and spaceflight.
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	
Task Progress:	New project for FY2022.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated:)