Task Book Report Generated on: 06/30/2025

Fixed Versit	Fiscal Year:	FY 2020	Task Last Undated	FY 07/08/2020
Project Title: Changes of the Optic Nerve Dum Muter in Astronauts and SANS (OPTIMA)  Bivision Name: Human Research  Program/Discipline:    Contact Program Risiss:   Optic Name Research Program Risiss:   Optic Name Research Program Risiss:   Optic Name Risis of Spaceflight Associated Neuro-evolur Syndrome (SANS)  Space Biology Element:   None			ask Last Opuateu.	11 31100/2020
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Human Research Program Elements   (1)				
Human Research Program Risks: (1) SANS-Risk of Spaceflight Associated Neuro-ocular Syndrome (SANS)  Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline: None  Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline: Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline: Space Biology Special Category: None  PI Email: ross efficiencia bene ostoch edu Fax: PY  PI Organization Type: UNIVERSITY Phone: 404-385-0100  Organization Name: Georgia Institute of Technology  PI Address 1: Biomedical Engineering  PI Address 2: 315 Ferst Drive  PI Web Page: Introversity Allanta State: GA  Zip Code: S0332-0363 Congressional District: 5  Comments:  Project Type: Ground Solicitation / Funding Health and Performance PLAGSHIP, Appendix A-Flagship, Appendix B-Ounabus  Start Date: 07/17/2019 Find Date Office 201  No. of Pab Decres: 1 No. of Pab Degress: No. of Master' Degrees: 1  No. of Pab Candidates: 1 No. of Master' Degrees: 1  No. of Master's Candidates: 1 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 1 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 2 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 3 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 3 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 4 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 4 No. of Master's Candidates: 4 No. of Master's Candidates: 4 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 4 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 4 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 4 No. of Master's Candidates: 4 No. of Master's Candidates: 5 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 4 No. of Master's Candidates: 5 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 5 No. of Bachclor's Candidates: 6 Norsk Peter Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Monitor: Norsk Peter Contact Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Candidates: 4 Norsk Peter Norsk Candidates: 4 Norsk Peter Contact Phone: Contact Phone: Contact Monitor: Norsk Peter Norsk Candidates: 4 Norsk Peter Norsk C	Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Space Biology Cross-Element         None           Space Biology Cross-Element Disscipline:         None           Space Biology Special Category:         None           PI Email:         ross ethicr@ibme_aatech.edu         Fax:         FV           PI Organization Type:         UNIVERSITY         Phone:         404-385-0100           Organization Name:         Georgia Institute of Technology         Propertion of Company (Annual Company)         404-385-0100           PI Address 1:         Biomedical Engineering         Propertion of Company (Annual Company)         404-385-0100           PI Address 2:         315 Fert Drive         Propertion (Annual Company)         State:         GA           PI Web Page:         Intre/fethier.oalech.edu/         State:         GA           City:         Allama         State:         GA           Comments:         State:         GA           Project Type:         Ground         Solicitation / Funding (Bull and Performance (FLAGSIIIP), Appendix Flagship, Appendix Florambios           Start Date:         07/17/2019         End Date:         07/18/2021           No. of Phot Dearch         1         No. of Master's Candidates:         1         No. of Bachelor's Candidates:         1           No. of Bachelor's Candidates:         1         No. of Bachel	<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HHC</b> :Human Health Countermeasures		
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Plonganization Type: UNIVERSITY   Phone: 404-385-0100     Organization Name: Georgia Institute of Technology     Pl Address 1: Biomedical Engineering     Pl Address 2: 315 Ferst Drive     Pl Web Page: http://ethice.gatech.edu/     City: Atlanta State: GA     Congressional District: 5     Comments:	Space Biology Special Category:	None		
Organization Name:         Georgia Institute of Technology           PI Address 1:         Biomedical Engineering           PI Address 2:         315 Ferst Drive           PI Web Page:         http://cdhier.gatech.edu/           City:         Atlanta         State:         GA           Zip Code:         30332-0363         Congressional District:         5           Comments:         2018 HIRRO 80JSC018N0001-Crew           Project Type:         Ground         Solicitation / Funding Health and Performance (PLAGSHIP, OMNIBUS), Appendix A-Fungship, Appendix B-Omnibus           Start Date:         07/17/2019         End Date:         07/16/2021           No. of Post Docs:         1         No. of Master' Degrees:         1           No. of PhD Candidates:         1         No. of Master' Degrees:         1           No. of Bachelor's Candidates:         1         No. of Bachelor's Degrees:         3           No. of Bachelor's Candidates:         3         Monitoring Center:         NASA JSC           Contact Monitor:         Norsk, Peter         Contact Phone:         Contact Phone:           Flight Program:         Flight Program:           Flight Program:         Laurie, Steven Ph.D. (KBR/NASA Johnson Space Center)           Lee, Stuart Ph.D. (KBR/NASA Joh	PI Email:	ross.ethier@bme.gatech.edu	Fax:	FY
PI Address 1: Biomedical Engineering PI Address 2: 315 Ferst Drive PI Web Page: http://ethier.oalech.edu/ City: Atlanta State: GA Zip Code: 30332-0363 Congressional District: 5 Comments:  Project Type: Ground Solicitation / Funding Health and Performance (FLACSHIP, Omnibus No. of Pab Degrees: 1 No. of Post Docs: 1 No. of PhD Degrees: 1 No. of PhD Candidates: 1 No. of Master' begrees: 1 No. of Master's Candidates: 1 No. of Master' begrees: 1 No. of Bachelor's Candidates: 3 No. of Master' begrees: 3 No. of Bachelor's Candidates: 3 Monitoring Center: NASA JSC Contact Monitor: Norsk, Peter Contact Phone: Contact Email: Peter norsk@oass.gov Flight Program: Flight Assignment: NOTE: End date changed to 7/16/2021 per NSSC information (Ed., 7/7/20) Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI: COI Name (Institution): Laurie, Steven Ph.D. (KBR/NASA Johnson Space Center) Macias, Brandon Ph.D. (NASA Johnson Space Center)	PI Organization Type:	UNIVERSITY	Phone:	404-385-0100
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Astronauts experience multiple physiological changes during spaceflight. One such potential change is spaceflight associated neuro-ocular syndrome (SANS), a spectrum of ocular alterations that can affect sight. We do not understand why this occurs or how to prevent it. One hypothesis is that changes in the mechanical properties of the tissue sheath surrounding the optic nerve (the dura mater) can affect a sensitive region of the eye (the optic nerve head) where many alterations are observed in astronauts. Another hypothesis is that thickening of the choroid, a tissue within the eye that is known to swell during spaceflight, leads to abnormally large mechanical strains on the anterior part of the optic nerve head

Our central objective is to use existing, novel methods that we have developed to evaluate these hypotheses. First, we will compute the mechanical properties of the dura mater in astronauts, see whether these properties are different than in subjects who have not been in space, and see whether they correlate with the severity of SANS. To do so, we will use existing sets of magnetic resonance (MR) scans: one taken when the astronaut is lying supine, and the other taken when the astronaut is lying in 15 degree head-down tilt. By analyzing these images, and building a computational model of how the optic nerve sheath expands as fluid pressure changes within it due to head-down tilt, we can obtain a parameter of the dura mater known as the structural stiffness. Second, we will use an existing computational model to determine strains in the optic nerve head due to choroidal swelling, see if these strains are larger than those which occur on Earth, and see if they are related to the severity of SANS in astronauts. Choroidal swelling in space has already been measured using optical imaging technology, and thus we can immediately use our modeling approach with this data set.

This work directly addresses the following stated goal of the Request for Applications (RFA): Quantification of the crew health and performance risks associated with human spaceflight for the various exploration missions. More specifically, it addresses two needs identified by NASA related to SANS. First, we do not know the etiological mechanisms and contributing risk factors for ocular structural and functional changes seen inflight and postflight, and this work could help determine such factors. Second, we need a set of validated and minimally obtrusive diagnostic tools to measure and monitor changes in intracranial pressure, ocular structure, and ocular function. The tools we propose to use will measure the function of a key ocular structure, namely the optic nerve sheath.

## Rationale for HRP Directed Research:

## Research Impact/Earth Benefits:

**Task Description:** 

Spaceflight associated neuro-ocular syndrome (SANS) is similar in some respects to a terrestrial condition, idiopathic intracranial hypertension (IIH). Our understanding of IIH, and conditions in which choroidal swelling occurs, will benefit from this research.

Overview: The objective of this grant is to quantify the strain induced in pre-laminar neural tissue due to in-flight choroidal swelling, using existing Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) data and our existing finite element model. This is relevant to understanding how exposure to microgravity can cause physiological and pathophysiological changes in the human eye known as spaceflight associated neuro-ocular syndrome (SANS). Due to technology limitation and ethical reasons, numerical models are an attractive approach for determining biomechanical behavior that cannot be measured via existing imaging methods, and thus potentially provide insights into SANS.

In order to create an accurate finite element method (FEM) model of the posterior eye, the model incorporates data obtained from OCT scans of astronauts in preflight and inflight conditions. The OCT images will provide data such as geometries of tissue components in the posterior eye and the amount of choroidal and retinal swelling during spaceflight; this data will be used to generate the 3D geometry of the posterior eye and to apply suitable loading conditions for the FEM model. We will use the FEM model to determine strains in the optic nerve head due to choroidal swelling, see if these strains are larger than those which occur on Earth, and see if they are related to the severity of SANS in astronauts.

## Accomplishments

- 1) Segmentation: The first step in the analysis of images is segmentation. We segmented tissues of the posterior eye from pre-flight OCT scans of astronauts in the seated position, focusing on a radial B-scan oriented 7.5 degrees inferiorly from the nasal-temporal line, which coincides with a line connecting the centers of the optic nerve head and fovea. After applying compensation to the radial B-scan, tissue boundaries were manually delineated in the custom software Multiview. The inner limiting membrane (ILM), retina, choroid, and sclera boundaries were delineated. Due to limitations of the OCT resolution, tissue boundaries of the lamina cribrosa (LC), optic nerve (ON), and dura mater were outlined as a generic model based on histologic images of the region. OCT scans of two representative astronauts were used (subject A and B). Segmentations from two individual observers were compared and the segmentation was finalized through a discussion between the observers to resolve any disagreements. The segmented tissue boundaries were used to establish a finite element model of the posterior eye.
- 2) Finite element model: 3-dimensional axisymmetric finite element models were established using the segmentations of OCT scans. The models contain retinal nerve fiber layer (RNFL), retina, choroid, sclera, LC, ON, and dura mater. Our preliminary results showed that whether Bruch's membrane (BM) is or is not included in the model did not result in significant differences in predicted displacement and strain in neighboring tissues (less than 5% difference). Since BM is very thin, which makes it challenging to mesh for finite element modeling, we did not include the tissue in the models. All tissue layers were extended circularly from the lateral margin of radial B-scans to make a globe with a typical eye globe radius of 12 mm. The boundaries of ON and dura mater at the posterior margin of the radial B-scan were extended posteriorly to 25 mm away from the posterior surface of the LC, where the tissues are constrained by the optic canal. A computational mesh was constructed using the commercial software ICEM CFD to conduct the finite element analysis. Tri-elements were used on the tissues within the radial B-scan for dealing with the complicated boundaries and quad-elements were used on the extended area outside of the radial B-scan for reducing the number of elements. The 2-dimensional mesh elements were rotated around the anterior-posterior axis passing through the center of the optic nerve head (ONH) by 1 degree to build a 3-dimensional wedge domain and conduct an axisymmetric analysis. All tissues were modeled as an incompressible isotropic hyperelastic neo-Hookean materials.
- 3) FEM results: Choroidal swelling causes strain concentration in the RNFL and posterior shift of Bruch's membrane opening (BMO): When choroidal swelling was applied without retinal swelling and ICP change, strain concentrations in the RNFL, especially near the BMO, were observed in both subjects A and B, while strain concentration in the post-lamina neural tissue depended on the detailed anatomy. BMO moved posteriorly due to choroidal swelling in both subjects (143 um and 4.2 um of BMO height change for subject A and B, respectively) as observed in comparison

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between pre- and post-flight astronauts in a previous study. The difference in stiffness between retinal nerve fiber layer (RNFL) and sclera may explain the posterior movement of BMO, since the RNFL is softer and more easily stretched than the stiffer sclera, leading to posterior shift of the choroidal tip as the choroid swells. - Retinal swelling causes strain concentration in the RNFL: Retinal swelling caused strain concentration in the RNFL especially near the BMO. Retinal swelling did not cause strain concentration in any other region. - ICP (intracranial pressure) elevation causes deformation of dura mater and moderate strain over all neural tissue region, not concentrated on RNFL: ICP elevation from 0 to 10 mmHg caused displacement of the dura mater outward, representing inflation of the subarachnoid space. This caused a moderate amount of strain over all region of neural tissues but the strain was not concentrated in the RNFL. Combination of effects of Choroidal swelling, Retinal swelling and ICP change: The effects on strain distribution due to choroidal swelling, retinal swelling and increased ICP were additive. With input condition representing FD150 (18% increase in choroidal thickness, 7% increase in retinal thickness, 10 mmHg increase in ICP), the peak 1st principal strains were predicted as 8% and 5% in subject A and B, respectively, which are comparable to the amount of strain induced by a 50 mmHg increase of IOP. This level of strain is likely very physiologically significant. These data show that the amount of choroidal swelling seen in astronauts leads to significant strains in the fragile RNFL tissue. This is likely pathological and may contribute to the observed papilledema seen in SANS. **Bibliography Type:** Description: (Last Updated: 11/26/2021) Oshinski J, Zahid A, Martin B, Collins S, Ethier CR. "Arterial, venous, and cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) flow dynamics measured by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) under simulated micro-gravity conditions." Presented at the 2020 Abstracts for Journals and NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 27-30, 2020. Proceedings HRP Program book. 2020 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 27-30, 2020., Jan-2020 Lee C, Rohr J, Sass A, Sater S, Martin B, Zahid A, Oshinski J, Samuels B, Ethier CR. "In vivo estimation of optic nerve sheath stiffness using noninvasive MRI measurements and finite element modeling." 2020 NASA Human Research Abstracts for Journals and Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 27-30, 2020. **Proceedings** HRP Program book. 2020 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 27-30, 2020., Jan-2020