

<b>Fiscal Year:</b>	FY 2020	<b>Task Last Updated:</b>	FY 05/18/2020
<b>PI Name:</b>	Seidler, Rachael D. Ph.D.		
<b>Project Title:</b>	Spaceflight Effects on Neurocognitive Performance: Extent, Longevity, and Neural Bases		
<b>Division Name:</b>	Human Research		
<b>Program/Discipline:</b>			
<b>Program/Discipline--Element/Subdiscipline:</b>	HUMAN RESEARCH--Biomedical countermeasures		
<b>Joint Agency Name:</b>	<b>TechPort:</b>	No	
<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HHC:</b> Human Health Countermeasures		
<b>Human Research Program Risks:</b>	(1) <b>HSIA:</b> Risk of Adverse Outcomes Due to Inadequate Human Systems Integration Architecture (2) <b>Sensorimotor:</b> Risk of Altered Sensorimotor/Vestibular Function Impacting Critical Mission Tasks		
<b>Space Biology Element:</b>	None		
<b>Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:</b>	None		
<b>Space Biology Special Category:</b>	None		
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<b>Zip Code:</b>	32611-8205	<b>Congressional District:</b>	3
<b>Comments:</b>	NOTE: PI moved to University of Florida in July 2017; previous affiliation was University of Michigan.		
<b>Project Type:</b>	Flight,Ground	<b>Solicitation / Funding Source:</b>	2010 Crew Health NNJ10ZSA003N
<b>Start Date:</b>	07/14/2017	<b>End Date:</b>	09/30/2021
<b>No. of Post Docs:</b>	3	<b>No. of PhD Degrees:</b>	
<b>No. of PhD Candidates:</b>	2	<b>No. of Master' Degrees:</b>	
<b>No. of Master's Candidates:</b>		<b>No. of Bachelor's Degrees:</b>	
<b>No. of Bachelor's Candidates:</b>		<b>Monitoring Center:</b>	NASA JSC
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<b>Flight Program:</b>			
<b>Flight Assignment:</b>	NOTE: End date changed to 9/30/2021 per D. Risin/HRP and NSSC information (Ed., 8/27/20) NOTE: Changed end date to 9/30/2020 per NSSC information (Ed., 10/9/19)		
<b>Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:</b>			
<b>COI Name (Institution):</b>	Bloomberg, Jacob Ph.D. ( NASA Johnson Space Center ) Mulavara, Ajitkumar Ph.D. ( Universities Space Research Association )		
<b>Grant/Contract No.:</b>	80NSSC17K0461		
<b>Performance Goal No.:</b>			
<b>Performance Goal Text:</b>			

Task Description:	<p>NOTE: Continuation of "Spaceflight Effects on Neurocognitive Performance: Extent, Longevity, and Neural Bases," grant NNX11AR02G, due to Principal Investigator Seidler's move to University of Florida from University of Michigan. NASA Research Announcement NNJ10ZSA003N requested proposals to assess changes in elemental neurocognitive functions such as perception, motor control, memory, attention, language, executive function, and emotional processing following long duration spaceflight using both behavioral assessments and monitoring technologies such as fMRI. In response to this call, we propose to perform structural and functional MR brain imaging to identify the relationship between changes in crewmember neurocognitive function and neural structural alterations following a six month International Space Station mission. Our central hypothesis is that measures of brain structure, function, and network integrity will change from pre to post flight in crewmembers (Aim 1). Moreover, we predict that these changes will correlate with indices of cognitive, sensory, and motor function in a neuroanatomically selective fashion (Aim 2). Our interdisciplinary approach utilizes cutting edge neuroimaging techniques and a broad ranging battery of sensory, motor, and cognitive assessments that will be conducted pre flight, during flight, and post flight to investigate neuroplastic and maladaptive brain changes in crewmembers following long duration spaceflight. Success in this endeavor would 1) result in identification of the underlying neural mechanisms and operational risks of spaceflight-induced changes in behavior, and 2) identify whether a return to normative behavioral function following re-adaptation to Earth's gravitational environment is associated with a restitution of brain structure and function or instead is supported by substitution with compensatory brain processes.</p>
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	<p>The results of this project will have relevance not only to understanding the effects of spaceflight on the human brain and behavior, but also for delineating the capacity of the brain to remodel in response to adaptive stimuli. As such, the results should prove informative for understanding the neural mechanisms associated with adaptive behavioral change and the rehabilitation of these changes during recovery periods.</p>
Task Progress:	<p>NRA NNJ10ZSA003N requested proposals to assess changes in elemental neurocognitive functions such as perception, motor control, memory, attention, language, executive function, and emotional processing following long duration spaceflight using both behavioral assessments and monitoring technologies such as fMRI. In response to this call, we propose to perform structural and functional MR brain imaging to identify the relationship between changes in crewmember neurocognitive function and neural structural alterations following a six month International Space Station mission. Our central hypothesis is that measures of brain structure, function, and network integrity will change from pre to post flight in crewmembers (Aim 1). Moreover, we predict that these changes will correlate with indices of cognitive, sensory, and motor function in a neuroanatomically selective fashion (Aim 2). Our interdisciplinary approach utilizes cutting edge neuroimaging techniques and a broad range of sensory, motor, and cognitive assessments that will be conducted pre flight, during flight, and post flight to investigate neuroplastic and maladaptive brain changes in crewmembers following long duration spaceflight. Success in this endeavor would 1) result in identification of the underlying neural mechanisms and operational risks of spaceflight-induced changes in behavior, and 2) identify whether a return to normative behavioral function following re-adaptation to Earth's gravitational environment is associated with a restitution of brain structure and function or, instead, is supported by substitution with compensatory brain processes. We have just completed data collection for this project in May 2020, including collection of multiple types of structural and functional brain MRIs. We have also collected performance on a battery of neuropsychological tests of working memory, processing speed, and motor function, as well as assessments of balance and mobility. Data analyses and manuscript preparation are underway.</p>
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 03/18/2025)