Task Book Report Generated on: 04/24/2024

Fiscal Year:	FY 2019	Task Last Updated:	FY 04/19/2019
PI Name:	Macias, Brandon Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Investigating Structure and Function of the Eye		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:			
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HHC</b> :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) SANS:Risk of Spaceflight Associated Neuro-o	ocular Syndrome (SANS)	
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
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PI Organization Type:	NASA CENTER	Phone:	281-483-2026
Organization Name:	NASA Johnson Space Center		
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PI Web Page:			
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Zip Code:	77058	<b>Congressional District:</b>	36
Comments:	NOTE: Became civil servant fall 2020; previously the University of California, San Diego.	y KBR/NASA Johnson Spac	te Center. Prior to that until 2016, was at
Project Type:	FLIGHT		2017-2018 HERO 80JSC017N0001-BPBA Topics in Biological, Physiological, and Behavioral Adaptations to Spaceflight. Appendix C
Start Date:	01/30/2019	End Date:	05/30/2020
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		<b>Monitoring Center:</b>	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Norsk, Peter	<b>Contact Phone:</b>	
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Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Brunstetter, Tyson O.D., Ph.D. ( U.S. Navy (Detailed to NASA Johnson Space Center) ) Dunn, Jocelyn Ph.D. ( GeoControl Systems, Inc. ) Feiveson, Alan Ph.D. ( NASA Johnson Space Center ) Hargens, Alan Ph.D. ( University of California, San Diego ) Huang, Alex M.D., Ph.D. ( Doheny Eye Institute ) Karanjia, Rustum M.D., Ph.D. ( Doheny Eye Institute ) Laurie, Steven Ph.D. ( Wyle Laboratories, Inc./NASA Johnson Space Center ) Martin, Bryn Ph.D. ( University of Idaho, Moscow ) Sadda, Srinivas M.D. ( Doheny Eye Institute ) Smith, Scott Ph.D. ( NASA Johnson Space Center ) Zwart, Sara Ph.D. ( University of Texas, Galveston ) Loerch, Linda M.S. ( NASA Johnson Space Center ) Lee, Stuart Ph.D. ( Wyle Laboratories, Inc./NASA Johnson Space Center )		

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Grant/Contract No.:	Internal Project
Performance Goal No.:	
Performance Goal Text:	
	This proposal will identify if ocular structure and function alterations occur at a greater frequency and magnitude during one-year missions compared to six-month and six-week expeditions and whether the recovery profile is dependent upon mission duration. In addition, this project will determine if changes in vascular structure and function are greater after one-year missions and contribute to alterations in ocular structure and function. The identification of structural and functional changes will provide NASA the information necessary to inform the risk posture for future interplanetary expeditions with duration of up to three years and to identify possible countermeasures. SPECIFIC AIMS
	Conducting Spaceflight Associated Neuro-ocular Syndrome (SANS) research on one-year, six-month, and short-duration (2-month) crew members will enable us to objectively generate data to help NASA determine if and how SANS symptoms worsen with mission duration. These new data from longer missions will enable us to develop a non-linear trend model that can be extrapolated to make predictions for even longer missions, up to three years, and therefore help NASA to define the risk posture for future interplanetary expeditions, and to identify possible countermeasures by the following specific aims:
	Specific Aim 1: To determine if ocular structural changes develop to a greater degree (frequency or magnitude) during long-duration one-year spaceflight missions compared to findings during shorter length missions and if recovery is prolonged after longer missions.
Task Description:	Specific Aim 2: To determine if ocular vascular structure is altered to a greater degree during long-duration one-year spaceflight missions, and if recovery is more prolonged.
	Specific Aim 3: To determine if ocular function is altered to a greater degree during long duration one-year spaceflight missions, and the recovery profile.
	Specific Aim 4: To determine if measures of vascular structure and function are altered to a greater degree during long-duration one-year spaceflight missions and if these vascular adaptations correlate with alterations in ocular structure and function.
	RELEVANCE & MAP TO HUMAN RESEARCH ROADMAP
	This multi-project proposal is in response to NASA research announcement Human Exploration Research Opportunities (HERO), 80JSC017N0001-BPBA, Appendix C, Topic 1: Analyses of the Temporal Nature of Human Adaptation to Long-Duration Low-Earth Orbit Mission Virtual NASA Specialized Center of Research (VNSCOR). This proposal addresses multiple Human Research Program (HRP) Integrated Research Plan Gaps, including: SANS1: We do not know the etiological mechanisms and contributing risk factors for ocular structural and functional changes seen in-flight and postflight. SANS12: We do not know whether ground-based analogs and/or models can simulate Space Associated Neuro-ocular Syndrome.
Rationale for HRP Directed Research	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	
Task Progress:	New project for FY2019.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 04/04/2024)