

<b>Fiscal Year:</b>	FY 2019	<b>Task Last Updated:</b>	FY 03/15/2019
<b>PI Name:</b>	Hargens, Alan R. Ph.D.		
<b>Project Title:</b>	Self-Generated LBNP for Deep-Space Missions		
<b>Division Name:</b>	Human Research		
<b>Program/Discipline:</b>			
<b>Program/Discipline-- Element/Subdiscipline:</b>			
<b>Joint Agency Name:</b>		<b>TechPort:</b>	Yes
<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HHC:</b> Human Health Countermeasures		
<b>Human Research Program Risks:</b>	(1) <b>SANS:</b> Risk of Spaceflight Associated Neuro-ocular Syndrome (SANS)		
<b>Space Biology Element:</b>	None		
<b>Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:</b>	None		
<b>Space Biology Special Category:</b>	None		
<b>PI Email:</b>	<a href="mailto:ahargens@ucsd.edu">ahargens@ucsd.edu</a>	<b>Fax:</b>	FY
<b>PI Organization Type:</b>	UNIVERSITY	<b>Phone:</b>	858-534-7837
<b>Organization Name:</b>	University of California, San Diego		
<b>PI Address 1:</b>	Altman Clinical and Translational Research Institute		
<b>PI Address 2:</b>	9452 Medical Center Drive/0863		
<b>PI Web Page:</b>			
<b>City:</b>	La Jolla	<b>State:</b>	CA
<b>Zip Code:</b>	92037-0863	<b>Congressional District:</b>	52
<b>Comments:</b>			
<b>Project Type:</b>	GROUND	<b>Solicitation / Funding Source:</b>	2017-2018 HERO 80JSC017N0001-BPBA Topics in Biological, Physiological, and Behavioral Adaptations to Spaceflight. Appendix C
<b>Start Date:</b>	01/31/2019	<b>End Date:</b>	01/30/2022
<b>No. of Post Docs:</b>		<b>No. of PhD Degrees:</b>	
<b>No. of PhD Candidates:</b>		<b>No. of Master' Degrees:</b>	
<b>No. of Master's Candidates:</b>		<b>No. of Bachelor's Degrees:</b>	
<b>No. of Bachelor's Candidates:</b>		<b>Monitoring Center:</b>	NASA JSC
<b>Contact Monitor:</b>	Norsk, Peter	<b>Contact Phone:</b>	
<b>Contact Email:</b>	<a href="mailto:Peter.norsk@nasa.gov">Peter.norsk@nasa.gov</a>		
<b>Flight Program:</b>			
<b>Flight Assignment:</b>			
<b>Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:</b>			
<b>COI Name (Institution):</b>	Friend, James Ph.D. ( University of California, San Diego ) Lee, Stuart Ph.D. ( Wyle Laboratories, Inc./NASA Johnson Space Center ) Macias, Brandon Ph.D. ( Wyle Laboratories, Inc./NASA Johnson Space Center ) Petersen, Lonnie M.D., Ph.D. ( University of California, San Diego ) Loerch, Linda M.S. ( NASA Johnson Space Center )		
<b>Grant/Contract No.:</b>	80NSSC19K0409		
<b>Performance Goal No.:</b>			
<b>Performance Goal Text:</b>			

Task Description:	<p>This Ground-Based proposal will evaluate a novel, self-generated Lower Body Negative Pressure (LBNP) device as a countermeasure to prevent Spaceflight Associated Neuro-Ocular Syndrome (SANS). This device is ideal for off-normal conditions in space craft when power is low. The self-generated LBNP device was invented and published by our team almost 20 years ago and is presently on the Chinese Space Station Tiangong One. This concept is very timely now with NASA's need to provide a SANS countermeasure while at the same time, providing physiologically-integrated exercise hardware that is safe, low mass, low volume, low power, and simple for deployment on a small, confined deep-space vehicle. Previous ground-based tests of the self-generated LBNP device document that the maximum footward force at the peak of the exercise cycle is over 110 kg and pressure within the cylinder concomitantly decreases by over 25 mm Hg below ambient to help counteract SANS, maintain aerobic capacity and the musculoskeletal system. This proposal is a logical extension of our previous ground-based simulations validating the self-generated LBNP device to re-introduce daily gravitational pressures and footward reaction forces. Furthermore, it extends our ongoing International Space Station (ISS) project "Fluid Distribution Before, During and After Prolonged Space Flight," demonstrating short-term LBNP by the Russian Chibis Suit to reduce venous congestion in the neck. We will use state-of-the-art, non-invasive technologies and imaging to prove efficacy of our self-generated LBNP device by quantifying cerebral volumes, pressures, and compliance along with visual deficits and ocular remodeling in 16 healthy female and male volunteers during parabolic flight and ground simulations of microgravity. We will determine dose-response efficacy of self-generated LBNP and accompanying shoulder-vest and footward mechanical loads to re-introduce diurnal effects of gravitational stress. Our self-generated LBNP device is very timely now with NASA's need to provide an integrated countermeasure for SANS and musculoskeletal (MS) losses, while at the same time providing physiologically-integrated exercise hardware that is safe, low mass, low volume, no power, and simple for deployment in a confined deep-space vehicle. Taken together, we therefore propose low-level, almost daily application of self-generated LBNP as an integrated countermeasure to reintroduce diurnal cycles of gravitational fluid and pressure variability to preserve cerebral, ocular, cardiovascular, and musculoskeletal health, relevant to 2011 Decadal priorities AH6 ("Studies should be done to develop and test new prototype exercise devices, and to optimize physical activity paradigms/prescriptions targeting multi-system countermeasures") and CC2 ("Determine whether artificial gravity is needed as a multi-system countermeasure, and whether continuous large radius AG is needed, or intermittent short radius AG is sufficient. Human studies in ground labs are essential to establish dose response relationships, and adequate gravity level, gradient, RPM, duration and frequency"). A self-generated LBNP device will go from a Technology Readiness Level of 7 or 8 to 9. Exercise within LBNP is at Countermeasure Readiness Level of 7 and will go to 8 or 9.</p>
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	
Task Progress:	New project for FY2019.
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 10/31/2023)