Task Book Report Generated on: 04/17/2024

Fiscal Year:	FY 2018	Task Last Updated:	FY 02/13/2019
PI Name:	Mehta, Satish Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Varicella Zoster Virus Shedding After Antiviral Drug (Valacyclovir) Treatment in Antarctic Expeditioners		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHBiomedical countermeasures		
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HHC</b> :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) Immune: Risk of Adverse Health Event Due to Altered Immune Response		
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
PI Email:	satish.k.mehta@nasa.gov	Fax:	FY
PI Organization Type:	NASA CENTER	Phone:	281-483-5459
Organization Name:	Enterprise Advisory Services, Inc.		
PI Address 1:	NASA Johnson Space Center		
PI Address 2:	Microbiology, 1100 Hercules Ave, 305		
PI Web Page:			
City:	Houston	State:	TX
Zip Code:	77058-2720	<b>Congressional District:</b>	36
Comments:			
Project Type:	GROUND		2017 HERO 80JSC017N0001-Crew Health and Performance (FLAGSHIP1, OMNIBUS). Appendix A-Flagship1, Appendix B-Omnibus
Start Date:	07/10/2018	End Date:	06/30/2021
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		<b>Monitoring Center:</b>	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Norsk, Peter	<b>Contact Phone:</b>	
Contact Email:	Peter.norsk@nasa.gov		
Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Crucian, Brian Ph.D. ( NASA Johnson Space Center ) Locke, James M.D. ( NASA Johnson Space Center ) Pierson, Duane Ph.D. ( NASA Johnson Space Center )		
Grant/Contract No.:	Internal Project		
Performance Goal No.:			

Task Book Report Generated on: 04/17/2024

Task Description:

Previous spaceflight studies indicate that reactivation of varicella zoster virus (VZV), particularly during longer duration spaceflights, can potentially lead to clinical disease including zoster, chronic neuropathic pain, vision loss, stroke, and cognitive impairment. Furthermore, continued viral shedding after spaceflight may cause clinical disease in crew contacts including uninfected or immunocompromised individuals, as well as newborn infants. Thus, it is essential to develop spaceflight countermeasures to prevent VZV reactivation and ensure the health of the crew, as well as the health of their contacts upon return. One such countermeasure is prophylactic administration of an antiviral drug (valacyclovir) against VZV. In order to determine the effectiveness of this countermeasure using a large population, we propose to study VZV shedding in Antarctic expeditioners who have similar patterns of VZV DNA shedding in saliva as astronauts. Countermeasure efficacy of the antiviral drug will be determined by measuring VZV reactivation and shedding in saliva as well as measuring the physiological stress biomarkers (cortisol, DHEA, and salivary amylase) and immune markers (inflammatory cytokines) before, during, and after the winter-over period. The proposed research team has extensive experience in ground-based studies including studies conducted in Antarctica, Aquarius undersea habitat, and artificial gravity, as well as the coordination and conduct of complex multi-laboratory studies. In addition, the research team has proven expertise and experience in immunology, virology, and medical expertise working with infectious diseases and spaceflight subjects. This proposal addresses the need for developing and validating countermeasures as identified in the new NASA Research Announcement (NRA) 80JSC017N0001-OMNIBUS NASA HERO Omnibus Opportunity.

**Rationale for HRP Directed Research:** 

**Research Impact/Earth Benefits:** 

Task Progress:

New project for FY2018.

**Bibliography Type:** 

Description: (Last Updated: 11/10/2023)