

<b>Fiscal Year:</b>	FY 2018	<b>Task Last Updated:</b>	FY 07/25/2017
<b>PI Name:</b>	Goel, Namni Ph.D.		
<b>Project Title:</b>	Biomarkers as Predictors of Resiliency and Susceptibility to Stress in Space Flight		
<b>Division Name:</b>	Human Research		
<b>Program/Discipline:</b>			
<b>Program/Discipline--Element/Subdiscipline:</b>	HUMAN RESEARCH--Behavior and performance		
<b>Joint Agency Name:</b>	<b>TechPort:</b>	No	
<b>Human Research Program Elements:</b>	(1) <b>HFBP</b> :Human Factors & Behavioral Performance (IRP Rev H)		
<b>Human Research Program Risks:</b>	(1) <b>BMed</b> :Risk of Adverse Cognitive or Behavioral Conditions and Psychiatric Disorders		
<b>Space Biology Element:</b>	None		
<b>Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:</b>	None		
<b>Space Biology Special Category:</b>	None		
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<b>Comments:</b>	NOTE: Formerly at the University of Pennsylvania until July 2019.		
<b>Project Type:</b>	GROUND	<b>Solicitation / Funding Source:</b>	2013 HERO NNJ13ZSA002N-Crew Health (FLAGSHIP & NSBRI)
<b>Start Date:</b>	10/01/2014	<b>End Date:</b>	09/30/2018
<b>No. of Post Docs:</b>	0	<b>No. of PhD Degrees:</b>	0
<b>No. of PhD Candidates:</b>	0	<b>No. of Master' Degrees:</b>	1
<b>No. of Master's Candidates:</b>	0	<b>No. of Bachelor's Degrees:</b>	2
<b>No. of Bachelor's Candidates:</b>	0	<b>Monitoring Center:</b>	NASA JSC
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<b>Flight Program:</b>			
<b>Flight Assignment:</b>	NOTE: Element change to Human Factors & Behavioral Performance; previously Behavioral Health & Performance (Ed., 1/18/17) NOTE: End date is 9/30/2018 per NSSC information (Ed., 1/11/17)		
<b>Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:</b>	Augusts 2017 report: Ted Abel left the University of Pennsylvania and is no longer a Co-Investigator on the project.		
<b>COI Name (Institution):</b>	Basner, Mathias M.D., Ph.D. ( University of Pennsylvania ) Bhatnagar, Seema Ph.D. ( Children's Hospital of Philadelphia ) Dinges, David Ph.D. ( University of Pennsylvania ) Kirkpatrick, James M.D. ( University of Washington ) Weljie, Aalim Ph.D. ( University of Pennsylvania )		
<b>Grant/Contract No.:</b>	NNX14AN49G		
<b>Performance Goal No.:</b>			
<b>Performance Goal Text:</b>			

Task Description:	<p>This proposal is responsive to the NASA Behavioral Health and Performance gap (BMed5) to find individual characteristics that predict successful adaptation and performance in an isolated, confined, and extreme environment, especially for long duration missions. The project also relates to Human Research Program (HRP) Sleep Gap 4 to identify indicators of individual susceptibilities and resiliencies to sleep loss and circadian rhythm disruption, to aid with individualized countermeasure regimens, for autonomous, long duration, and/or distance exploration missions. The proposal is also responsive to BMed 1 and BMed 2, and Sleep Gap 2 and Sleep Gap 9. To address these gaps, this proposal will assess biomarkers as predictors of resiliency and susceptibility (individual differences) to performance stress and sleep loss using the HRP Human Exploration Research Analog (HERA) and the Hawaii Space Exploration Analog and Simulation (HI-SEAS) high fidelity space analog facilities. We will conduct a ground-based experiment—strongly anchored in our previous laboratory-based research—on N=32 healthy men and women (ages 26-55) in the HERA facility (short-duration analog) and on N=6 healthy men and women (ages 21-65) in the HI-SEAS facility (long-duration analog) to determine the predictive validity of a set of relevant, valid, and reliable biomarkers for distinguishing those who are more resilient versus those who are more susceptible to the adverse neurobehavioral effects of the combination of high performance demands and total sleep deprivation (TSD) stressors—two conditions commonly experienced in space flight. These biomarkers include the following: cardiovascular measures (blood pressure, heart rate and heart rate variability, stroke volume, and cardiac output), salivary cortisol, catecholamines (dopamine, noradrenaline, and adrenaline), an inflammatory marker (C Reactive Protein; CRP), metabolomic markers (via unbiased metabolomics), and microRNAs (epigenetic markers). The project deliverable will be a countermeasure (set of diverse biomarkers) for distinguishing those who are more resilient versus those who are more susceptible to the adverse neurobehavioral effects of high performance demands and sleep loss stressors. If valid markers of such susceptibility can be found, it will be possible to optimize and individualize crew resources, and mitigate stress and other behavioral health and performance risks autonomously during long-duration space flight.</p>
Rationale for HRP Directed Research:	
Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	<p>The project's research will deliver a countermeasure (set of diverse biomarkers) for distinguishing those who are more resilient versus those who are more susceptible to the adverse neurobehavioral effects of high performance demands and sleep loss stressors. If valid markers of such susceptibility can be found, it will be possible to optimize and individualize crew resources, and mitigate stress and other behavioral health and performance risks autonomously during long-duration space flight. This information would also be of use on Earth in applied occupations that demand similar risks and stressors.</p>
Task Progress:	<p>We integrated the complex, multifaceted five-day stress and sleep loss experiment into HERA and successfully collected data in all four 14-day 2015 and all four 30-day 2016 missions (N=32 crewmembers). These data include the following biomarkers: blood markers from 6 time points in 32 crewmembers (190 blood markers; n=2 crewmembers did not participate in one biomarker assessment); 2 saliva markers each from 6 time points in 32 crewmembers (382 saliva markers; n=1 crewmember did not participate in one biomarker assessment); blood pressure markers from 6 time points in 32 crewmembers (191 blood pressure markers; n=1 crewmember did not participate in one biomarker assessment); stroke volume and cardiac output from 6 time points in 32 crewmembers (191 stroke volume and cardiac output markers; n=1 crewmember did not participate in one biomarker assessment); and heart rate from 6 time points in 32 crewmembers (189 heart rate markers: 3 heart rate monitor data points were not collected due to n=2 crewmembers mistakenly not turning on the heart rate device and n=1 crewmember not participating in one biomarker assessment; however, heart rate data collected from the echocardiography and/or blood pressure devices can be used as needed). We also have data from 11 neurobehavioral tests for 32 crewmembers (348 neurobehavioral tests; one crewmember did not participate in 4 neurobehavioral assessments). Almost all of the missing data can be attributed to one crewmember who experienced a medical emergency. Finally, we have continuous actigraphy data on n=16 crewmembers for 14-days each (a total of 224 days of actigraphy) and on n=16 crewmembers for 30-days each (a total of 480 days of actigraphy). Analyses of the wrist actigraphy data from the four 14-day HERA missions of 2015 (n=16) and the four 30-day HERA missions of 2016 (n=16) indicate crewmembers were compliant with the dictated sleep-wake times at baseline and recovery, and were not sleeping during the total sleep deprivation (TSD) night. As expected for these 32 crewmembers, on average, the performance variables show significant impairment with TSD (with individual differences in neurobehavioral responses). Thus, the sleep loss manipulation in HERA was highly effective.</p> <p>Preparation for participation in a 2-week mission in the IBMP (Russian Institute for Biomedical Problems) NEK (Nezemnyy Eksperimental'nyy Kompleks) analog scheduled for November 2017 is currently ongoing, with planned participation in a 4-month mission in 2018.</p>
Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 09/28/2023)
Abstracts for Journals and Proceedings	<p>Dennis L, Ecker A, Goel N. "Individual differences in neurobehavioral and affective responses to stress and sleep loss in 14-day and 30-day HERA mission crewmembers." Presented at the 2017 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 23-26, 2017. 2017 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 23-26, 2017. , Jan-2017</p>
Abstracts for Journals and Proceedings	<p>Goel N, Dennis L, Ecker A, Bhatnagar S, Kirkpatrick J, Weljie A. "Biomarkers as predictors of resiliency and susceptibility to stress in space flight." Presented at the 2017 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 23-26, 2017. 2017 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 23-26, 2017. , Jan-2017</p>
Abstracts for Journals and Proceedings	<p>Dinges DF, Basner M, Goel N, Rao H, McGuire S, Hermosillo E, Dennis LE, Carlin PR, Trentalange M, Lin L, Mignot E. "Markers of susceptibility to neurobehavioral decrements in space flight." 2017 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 23-26, 2017. 2017 NASA Human Research Program Investigators' Workshop, Galveston, TX, January 23-26, 2017. , Jan-2017</p>
Articles in Peer-reviewed Journals	<p>Dennis LE, Spaeth AM, Goel N. "Phenotypic stability of energy balance responses to experimental total sleep deprivation and sleep restriction in healthy adults." <i>Nutrients</i>. 2016 Dec;8(12):823. <a href="https://doi.org/10.3390/nu8120823">https://doi.org/10.3390/nu8120823</a> ; PubMed <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27999367/">PMID: 27999367</a>; PubMed Central <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/PMC5188476/">PMCID: PMC5188476</a> , Dec-2016</p>

Articles in Peer-reviewed Journals	Spaeth AM, Dinges DF, Goel N. "Objective measurements of energy balance and sleep architecture are associated in healthy adults." Sleep. 2017 Jan 1;40(1):zsw018. PubMed <a href="#">PMID: 27634803</a> ; <a href="https://doi.org/10.1093/sleep/zsw018">https://doi.org/10.1093/sleep/zsw018</a> , Jan-2017
Articles in Peer-reviewed Journals	Zhang SL, Bai L, Goel N, Bailey A, Jang CJ, Bushman FD, Meerlo P, Dinges DF, Sehgal A. "Human and rat gut microbiome composition is maintained following sleep restriction." Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2017 Feb 21;114(8):E1564-71. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1620673114">https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1620673114</a> ; PubMed <a href="#">PMID: 28179566</a> ; PubMed Central <a href="#">PMCID: PMC5338418</a> , Feb-2017
Articles in Peer-reviewed Journals	Goel N. "Genetic markers of sleep and sleepiness." Sleep Med Clin. 2017 Sep;12(3):289-99. Review. Epub 2017 May 18. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsmc.2017.03.005">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jsmc.2017.03.005</a> ; PubMed <a href="#">PMID: 28778228</a> , Sep-2017
Articles in Peer-reviewed Journals	Boland EM, Rao H, Dinges DF, Smith RV, Goel N, Detre JA, Basner M, Sheline YI, Thase ME, Gehrman PR. "Meta-analysis of the antidepressant effects of acute sleep deprivation." Journal of Clinical Psychiatry. 2017 Sep/Oct;78(8):e1020-e1034. <a href="https://doi.org/10.4088/JCP.16r11332">https://doi.org/10.4088/JCP.16r11332</a> ; PubMed <a href="#">PMID: 28937707</a> [Note: reported originally in August 2017 as "in press"] , Sep-2017
Awards	Goel N. "The National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (Member, Committee on NASA Evidence Reports on Human Health Risks), January 2017." Jan-2017
Books/Book Chapters	Goel N. "Genetics in sleep medicine." in "Review of Sleep Medicine. 4th edition. (in press)" Ed. A. Avidan. Elsevier, in press as of August 2017. Expected publication September 2017., Aug-2017
Books/Book Chapters	Goel N. "Jetlag." in "The SAGE Encyclopedia of Abnormal and Clinical Psychology." Ed. A.E. Wenzel. Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE Publications Inc., 2017. p. 1911-1912., Apr-2017
Books/Book Chapters	Goel N. "Sleep-Wake Disorders: Overview." in "The SAGE Encyclopedia of Abnormal and Clinical Psychology." Ed. A.E. Wenzel. Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE Publications Inc., 2017. p. 3190-3198., Apr-2017
Books/Book Chapters	Goel N. "Light Therapy." in "The SAGE Encyclopedia of Abnormal and Clinical Psychology. " Ed. A.E. Wenzel. Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE Publications Inc., 2017. p. 1969-1973., Apr-2017
NASA Technical Documents	Committee to Review NASA's Evidence Reports on Human Health Risks. Goel N was co-author and committee member. "Review of NASA's Evidence Reports on Human Health Risks: 2016 Letter Report." Washington, DC : The National Academies Press, 2017. C.E.H. Scott-Conner, D.R. Masys, C.T. Liverman (editors). , Jan-2017