Task Book Report Generated on: 07/11/2025

| Fiscal Year: | FY 2016 | Task Last Updated: | FY 08/10/2016 |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| PI Name: | Newby, Nathaniel M.S. | | |
| Project Title: | Soyuz Landing Injury Risk Characterization | | |
| Division Name: | Human Research | | |
| Program/Discipline: | | | |
| Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline: | HUMAN RESEARCHSpace Human Factors Engineer | ring | |
| Joint Agency Name: | | TechPort: | No |
| Human Research Program Elements: | (1) HFBP :Human Factors & Behavioral Performance (I | (RP Rev H) | |
| Human Research Program Risks: | (1) Dynamic Loads :Risk of In-Mission Injury and Performance Loads | Formance Decrements and Long-to | erm Health Effects due to |
| Space Biology Element: | None | | |
| Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline: | None | | |
| Space Biology Special Category: | None | | |
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| Zip Code: | 77058 | Congressional District: | 36 |
| Comments: | | | |
| Project Type: | Ground | Solicitation / Funding Source: | Directed Research |
| Start Date: | 10/01/2015 | End Date: | 10/01/2018 |
| No. of Post Docs: | | No. of PhD Degrees: | |
| No. of PhD Candidates: | | No. of Master' Degrees: | |
| No. of Master's Candidates: | | No. of Bachelor's Degrees: | |
| No. of Bachelor's Candidates: | | Monitoring Center: | NASA JSC |
| Contact Monitor: | Whitmore, Mihriban | Contact Phone: | 281-244-1004 |
| Contact Email: | mihriban.whitmore-1@nasa.gov | | |
| Flight Program: | | | |
| Flight Assignment: | NOTE: Original task was with PI Jeffrey Somers and pedelayed start, per E. Connell/JSC SHFH element (Ed., 8 | | /31/2016; PI change with the |
| Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI: | | | |
| COI Name (Institution): | Gernhardt, Michael Ph.D. (NASA Johnson Space Cent | ter) | |
| Grant/Contract No.: | Directed Research | | |
| Performance Goal No.: | | | |
| Performance Goal Text: | | | |
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NOTE: Original task was with PI Jeffrey Somers and period of performance 7/2/2014-10/31/2016; PI change with the delayed start, per E. Connell/JSC SHFH element (Ed., 8/10/16) Currently, it is unknown how the current Soyuz landing injuries and accelerations relate to the new requirements levied on new vehicles. Understanding this connection will allow better quantification of the risk of injury for current crewmembers as well as allow NASA to relate this risk to the new design requirements recently enacted. The following are the specific aims for this task: 1. Collect retrospective post-landing questionnaire data and develop injury database 2. Determine the occurrence of landing injuries to crewmembers 3. Determine whether the Soyuz meets current Multi-Purpose Crew Vehicle (MPCV) and Commercial Crew Program (CCP) requirements 4. Evaluate whether injury rates are consistent with the results of Finite Element (FE) modeling Using data contained in the flight medicine databases, supplemented with data collected from crewmembers, flight **Task Description:** surgeons, Russia sources, and international partner sources, an accurate estimation of the occurrences of injury during Soyuz landings will be determined. In addition, post-landing questionnaires will be developed for retrospective data collection to supplement the above sources. Through collaboration with our Russian colleagues, information about Soyuz landings will be collected to determine the dynamics of landing. The goal will be to obtain actual landing accelerations for individual landings; however, this may not be possible. If not available, all available information about nominal and off-nominal landings will be collected to develop a statistical model of possible landing distributions. In parallel, a Finite Element model of the Soyuz seat will be developed and the Test Device for Human Occupant Restraint (THOR), Hybrid III, and Human FE models will be fitted into the seat. Using the landing data obtained or calculated, landing simulations will be conducted. The resulting THOR, Hybrid III, and Human FE responses will be compared to the injury occurrences and current requirements. These comparisons will allow an estimation of the true risk of injury to deconditioned crew related to THOR and Hybrid III metrics. This task meets the criteria for a Directed Task due to the required access to operational data and because of insufficient schedule available to solicit this work. Because of the sensitive nature of the Soyuz injury and landing acceleration data, Rationale for HRP Directed Research: it would be very difficult to perform this task outside of NASA. In addition, based on the approved Path to Risk Reduction, this task is required to be completed by the end of FY18 in order to meet the Orion schedule for EM-2. Research Impact/Earth Benefits: New project for FY2016. NOTE: Original task was with PI Jeffrey Somers and period of performance 7/2/2014-10/31/2016; PI change with the

Task Progress:

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Bibliography Type: Description: (Last Updated: 02/12/2022)