Task Book Report Generated on: 03/29/2024

Fiscal Year:	FY 2016	Task Last Updated:	FY 05/10/2016
PI Name:	Lee, Stuart M.C. Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Defining the Relation Between Biomarkers of Oxidative and Inflammatory Stress and Atherosclerosis Risk in Astronauts During and After Long-Duration Spaceflight		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:			
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	HUMAN RESEARCHBiomedical counterm	neasures	
Joint Agency Name:		TechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) HHC :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	(1) Cardiovascular: Risk of Cardiovascular Adaptations Contributing to Adverse Mission Performance and Health Outcomes		
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
PI Email:	stuart.lee-1@nasa.gov	Fax:	FY
PI Organization Type:	NASA CENTER	Phone:	281-483-3726
Organization Name:	KBR/NASA Johnson Space Center		
PI Address 1:	2400 NASA Parkway		
PI Address 2:			
PI Web Page:			
City:	Houston	State:	TX
Zip Code:	77058-2749	Congressional District:	36
Comments:			
Project Type:	FLIGHT	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2010 Crew Health NNJ10ZSA003N
Start Date:	03/01/2016	End Date:	05/10/2022
No. of Post Docs:		No. of PhD Degrees:	
No. of PhD Candidates:		No. of Master' Degrees:	
No. of Master's Candidates:		No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:		Monitoring Center:	NASA JSC
Contact Monitor:	Allcorn, Aaron	Contact Phone:	281.244.8402
Contact Email:	aaron.j.allcorn@nasa.gov		
Flight Program:	ISS		
Flight Assignment:			
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Ploutz-Snyder, Robert Ph.D. (Universities Space Research Association) Smith, Scott Ph.D. (NASA Johnson Space Center) Stenger, Michael Ph.D. (Wyle Science, Technology, and Engineering Group)		
Grant/Contract No.:	Internal Project		
Performance Goal No.:			
Performance Goal Text:			

Task Book Report Generated on: 03/29/2024

NOTE: Continuation of "Defining the Relation Between Biomarkers of Oxidative and Inflammatory Stress and Atherosclerosis Risk in Astronauts During and After Long-Duration Spaceflight"; previous Principal Investigator was Dr. Steven Platts until March 2016. Atherosclerosis is the major contributor to cardiovascular disease-related morbidity and mortality. Research indicates that many of the risk factors commonly associated with atherosclerosis contribute to endothelial dysfunction, a process which presents early in life before angiographic evidence of disease and precedes the clinical manifestation of many cardiovascular disease-related disorders. In an effort to compensate for the initial risk factor-related disruptions to homeostasis, there is a compensatory upregulation of atheroprotective mechanisms. However, in the absence of appropriate risk factor management, these defense mechanisms may become overwhelmed and less able to reestablish **Task Description:** normal function. Key systems that help maintain vascular homeostasis and are susceptible to differential deleterious alterations include those that help balance levels of oxidative and inflammatory stress. New evidence suggests that long-duration spaceflight may promote oxidative and inflammatory stress through mechanisms such as radiation exposure, diet, physical inactivity, and psychological stress. However, there are no data supporting a causal link between biomarkers of oxidative and inflammatory stress and indices of vascular endothelial dysfunction in spaceflight. As such, we propose to examine the relation between biomarkers of oxidative and inflammatory stress and well-established measures of vascular endothelial dysfunction (flow mediated dilation (FMD)) and carotid intima-media thickness (cIMT) in astronauts before, during, and after long duration spaceflight. **Rationale for HRP Directed Research:** It is well known that inflammation is a key contributor to the development of atherosclerosis. There is also emerging work showing the link with oxidative damage. This work may contribute to general clinical science by showing the Research Impact/Earth Benefits: interactions of multiple stressors in a unique environment (spaceflight). New project for FY2016. Continuation of "Defining the Relation Between Biomarkers of Oxidative and Inflammatory Stress and Atherosclerosis Risk in Astronauts During and After Long-Duration Spaceflight"; previous Principal Investigator was Dr. Steven Platts **Task Progress:** until March 2016. See that project for previous reporting. **Bibliography Type:** Description: (Last Updated: 02/22/2024)