E7 1 X /	EV 2015		EX 11/04/2015
Fiscal Year:	FY 2015	Task Last Updated:	FY 11/04/2015
PI Name:	Ploutz-Snyder, Lori L. Ph.D.		
Project Title:	Integrated Resistance and Aerobic Exercise Training With Small Compact Exercise Equipment		
Division Name:	Human Research		
Program/Discipline:	NSBRI		
Program/Discipline Element/Subdiscipline:	NSBRIMusculoskeletal Alterations Team		
Joint Agency Name:]	FechPort:	No
Human Research Program Elements:	(1) HHC :Human Health Countermeasures		
Human Research Program Risks:	 (1) Aerobic:Risk of Reduced Physical Performance Capabilities Due to Reduced Aerobic Capacity (2) Bone Fracture:Risk of Bone Fracture due to Spaceflight-induced Changes to Bone (3) Muscle:Risk of Impaired Performance Due to Reduced Muscle Size, Strength and Endurance (4) Osteo:Risk Of Early Onset Osteoporosis Due To Spaceflight 		
Space Biology Element:	None		
Space Biology Cross-Element Discipline:	None		
Space Biology Special Category:	None		
PI Email:	lorips@umich.edu	Fax:	FY
PI Organization Type:	UNIVERSITY	Phone:	(734) 764-5210
Organization Name:	University of Michigan		
PI Address 1:	OBL 4170, 1402 Washington Hts.		
PI Address 2:	School of Kinesiology		
PI Web Page:			
City:	Ann Arbor	State:	MI
Zip Code:	48109-2013	Congressional District:	12
Comments:	Previously at Universities Space Research	Association/NASA Johnson Space	e Center until July 2016.
Project Type:	Ground	Solicitation / Funding Source:	2011 Crew Health NNJ11ZSA002NA
Start Date:	09/01/2012	End Date:	06/30/2016
No. of Post Docs:	0	No. of PhD Degrees:	0
No. of PhD Candidates:	2	No. of Master' Degrees:	0
No. of Master's Candidates:	3	No. of Bachelor's Degrees:	0
No. of Bachelor's Candidates:	0	Monitoring Center:	NSBRI
Contact Monitor:		Contact Phone:	
Contact Email:			
Flight Program:			
Flight Assignment:	NOTE: End date changed to 6/30/2016 per NSBRI (Ed., 6/29/16) NOTE: End date changed to 8/31/2016 per October 2014 NSBRI report submission (Ed., 10/22/14)		
Key Personnel Changes/Previous PI:			
COI Name (Institution):	Haddad, Fadia (University of California, Irvine) Caiozzo, Vincent (University of California, Irvine) Adams, Gregory (University of California, Irvine) Ryder, Jeffrey (Universities Space Research Association) Scott, Jessica (Universities Space Research Association) Dillon, Edgar (The University of Texas Medical Branch)		
Grant/Contract No.:			
Grant/Contract No.: Performance Goal No.:	Dillon, Edgar (The University of Texas M		

Research Impact: The comparison of a single exercise device to an International Space Station-like suite of exercise devices will inform long duration exploration exercise hardware requirements as well as provide a proof of concept of a exercise efficacy using a single device.	Task Description:	This proposal aims to validate in an analog setting a small compact exercise device for the protection of cardiovascular, muscle, and bone health. This study leverages both currently funded National Space Biomedical Research Institute (NSRBRI) and NASA work to bring together for the first time, a promising new exercise device and exercise prescription thus placing this study at a high countermeasure readiness level (moving from 6-7). More specifically, the NSBRI funded M-MED device uses a flywheel to provide loading for either high force-low repetition resistance exercise or low force-high repetition, endurance exercise (rowing). Recent data support M-MED training effectiveness in both ambulatory subjects and over 10 days of muscle unloading using unilateral lower limb suspension model. Accordingly, a new NASA funded exercise prescription study integrating resistance and aerobic training (iRAT) has been effective in the preservation of muscle and cardiovascular function over 14 days of bed rest, but requires the use of 5 different exercise machines. This proposal will combine the M-MED exercise device and the iRAT exercise prescription into a 70 day bed rest study. Outcome measurements related to cardiovascular, muscle, and bone health will be obtained and integrated to assess countermeasure effectiveness.		
 Research Impact/Earth Benefits: Research Impact/Earth Benefits: devices will inform long duration exploration exercise hardware requirements as well as provide a proof of concept of a exercise efficacy using a single device. Earth Benefits: Developing the most efficient exercise prescription is valuable to a wide population who seek to optimize the health benefits of exercise using as little time as possible. The validation of novel compact exercise hardware may also be useful for other situations where space constraints limit the availability of large scale exercise equipment. The integration of our data with the many other Principal Investigators (PIs) who shared the same bed rest subjects will provide an invaluable opportunity to understand the role of exercise for the prevention of bed rest (i.e., hospital based) 	Rationale for HRP Directed Research:			
	Research Impact/Earth Benefits:	devices will inform long duration exploration exercise hardware requirements as well as provide a proof of concept of a exercise efficacy using a single device. Earth Benefits: Developing the most efficient exercise prescription is valuable to a wide population who seek to optimize the health benefits of exercise using as little time as possible. The validation of novel compact exercise hardware may also be useful for other situations where space constraints limit the availability of large scale exercise equipment. The integration of our data with the many other Principal Investigators (PIs) who shared the same bed rest subjects will provide an invaluable opportunity to understand the role of exercise for the prevention of bed rest (i.e., hospital based)		
 Subject data collection was completed in December 2014. The control and traditional exercise subjects (Human Health and Countermeasure element funded) data has been statistically analyzed and presented in preliminary form for an internal NASA audience. Results showed excellent protection of maximal aerobic capacity and reasonable protection of the thigh muscle size and performance while calf cross sectional area and performance still show deficits with about 2/3 of the loss mitigated with the exercise program. The muscle biopsy analyses (Adams UC Irvine - NSBRI funded) are underway. Because these are batch analyzed and time consuming, preliminary data are not yet available, but will be forthcoming during this year. We completed subject bed rest data collection in December 2014. Preliminary performance data were presented at the Human Research Program (HRP) Investigator Workshop in early 2015. All performance data are analyzed with the exception of some individual muscle MRI cross sectional area analyses; these should be completed by the end of calendar year 2015. 2/3 of the loss was mitigated with the exercise program. 	Task Progress:	and Countermeasure element funded) data has been statistically analyzed and presented in preliminary form for an internal NASA audience. Results showed excellent protection of maximal aerobic capacity and reasonable protection of the thigh muscle size and performance while calf cross sectional area and performance still show deficits with about 2/3 of the loss mitigated with the exercise program. The muscle biopsy analyses (Adams UC Irvine - NSBRI funded) are underway. Because these are batch analyzed and time consuming, preliminary data are not yet available, but will be forthcoming during this year. We completed subject bed rest data collection in December 2014. Preliminary performance data were presented at the Human Research Program (HRP) Investigator Workshop in early 2015. All performance data are analyzed with the exception of some individual muscle MRI cross sectional area analyses; these should be completed by the end of		
Bibliography Type: Description: (Last Updated: 06/04/2024)	Bibliography Type:	Description: (Last Updated: 06/04/2024)		